

Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Introduction to Programme of Railway Transit
Module level, if applicable	
Code, if applicable	100842
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	1 st semester
Person responsible for the module	Professor YANG Jian
Lecturer	Professor YANG Jian
	Lecturer CHONG Lei
	Lecturer WEI Lili
	Associate Professor ZHU Haiyan
	Associate Professor LI Zaiwei
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	The course of Introduction to Programme of Railway Transit covers the current and future development of rail transit program in four areas: railway vehicle, communication signals, operations management and maintenance management. It aims to enhance students' interest in the program, help them understand its features and prospects, and cultivate their awareness and ability to think globally and solve problems, which will prepare them for future studies and employment.
Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: students of Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle) Type of teaching: theoretical teaching: Contact hours: 16 hours Of which Theoretical teaching: 16 hours Experiment/practice teaching: 0 hours Size of class: up to 70 students for theoretical teaching



Workload	Workload = 30 hours
	Contact hours = 16 hours
	Self-study hours = 14 hours
Credit points	1.0
Requirements according to the examination	Only students with class attendance rate over
regulations	2/3, assignment completion rate over $2/3$, and
	performing required experiments are allowed
	to take the exam.
Recommended prerequisites	N/A
Module objectives/intended learning	By taking this course, students will be able to
outcomes	achieve the following outcomes:
	• Knowledge
	• Knowledge:
	1. Professional orientation, development
	2. Leading technologies of the disciplines
	2. Leading technologies of the discipline;
	3. Program objectives and course offerings.
	• Skills:
	1 Ability to understand the objectives and
	professional development of Vehicle
	Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle):
	2. Ability to articulate the curriculums and
	key knowledge modules of Vehicle
	Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle).
	• Competence:
	Awareness and ability to think and solve
	problems from a holistic perspective that will
	positively contribute to future studies and
	employment.
Contents	Part A Theoretical teaching (16 contact
	hours; 14 self-study hours)
	Chapter 1 Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit
	Vehicle) (4 contact hours; 4 self-study hours)
	Professional orientation of Vehicle
	Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle)
	• Development prospects for Vehicle
	Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle)
	• Employment situation of Vehicle



Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle)
• Training goals of Vehicle Engineering
(Rail Transit Vehicle)**
• Course offerings for Vehicle
Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle)*
Chapter 2 Urban Rail Transit
Communication Signals (4 contact hours; 4
self-study hours)
• Professional orientation of Urban
Rail Transit Communication
Signals
• Development prospects for Urban
Rail Transit Communication
Signals
• Employment situation of Urban
Rail Transit Communication
Signals
• Training goals of Urban Rail
Transit Communication Signals**
• Course offerings for Urban Rail
Transit Communication Signals*
 Chapter 3 Urban Rail Transit Operations and Management (4 contact hours; 3 self-study hours) Professional orientation of Urban Rail Transit Operations and Management Development prospects for Urban Rail Transit Operations and Management Employment situation of Urban Rail Transit Operations and Management Training goals of Urban Rail Transit Operations and Management** Course offerings for Urban Rail Transit Operations and Management*
Chanter 4 Railway Engineering (4 contact
hours; 3 self-study hours)
• Professional orientation of Railway
 Engineering Development prospects for
Railway Engineering
• Employment situation of Railway
Engineering



	 Training goals of Railway Engineering** Course offerings for Railway Engineering* Part B: Experiment: (0 experiment hours; 0 colf study hours)
Study and examination requirements and	Final score includes:
forms of examination	1. Attendance (40%): see class attendance
	2. Final assessment (60%): see the paper
	related to rail transit
Media employed	Multimedia computers, projectors, laser
	pointers, blackboards, chalks
Reading list	1. Required books
	[1]TAN Fuxing, QIU Weihua, FANG Yu.
	Overview of Urban Rail Transit System.
	Beijing: China Water & Power Press. 2013
	2. Reference books
	[1] HE Zonghua et al. Urban Rail Transit
	Operation Organization. Beijing: China
	Architecture and Building Press. 2003
	[2] YE Xiafei. Urban Rail Transit Planning
	and Design. Beijing: China Railway
	Publishing House. 1999.
	[3] SUN Zhang. Introduction to Urban Rail
	<i>Transit</i> . Beijing: China Railway Publishing
	House. 2000.



Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Engineering Fluid Mechanics
Module level, if applicable	
Code, if applicable	011130
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	4 th semester
Person responsible for the module	Associate Professor SUN Yixia
Lecturer	Associate Professor SUN Yixia
	Lecturer YANG Fang
	Lecturer YE Xiao
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	Engineering Fluid Mechanics is an essential foundation course for Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle). Through this course, students will master the basic concepts and principles of fluid balance and motion as well as calculation and experimental skills of engineering fluid mechanics, develop the ability to apply knowledge of engineering fluid mechanics to analyzing practical problems, and have adequate theoretical knowledge for subsequent studies as well as future scientific research and professional work.
Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: students of Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle) Type of teaching: theoretical teaching, experiment teaching Contact hours: 32 hours Of which Theoretical teaching: 30 hours Experiment/practice teaching: 2 hours Size of class: up to 60 students for theoretical teaching



Workload	Total workload = 60 hours
	Contact hours = 32 hours
	Self-study hours = 28 hours
Credit points	2.0
Requirements according to the examination	Only students with class attendance rate over
regulations	2/3 and assignment completion rate over $2/3$
8	are allowed to take the exam
Recommended prerequisites	Engineering Mechanics (1); Physics
	(Mechanics); Unary Calculus (1); Unary
	Calculus (2)
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	Learning outcomes:
	The mission of this course is to help students
	acquire expertise in solving stationary and
	flow of fluids in the field of vehicle
	engineering, whilst developing their integrated
	thinking, mathematical reasoning, and
	problem-solving skills for complex
	engineering problems in vehicle engineering.
	Specific objectives include:
	Knowledge:
	1. Basic concepts of fluid mechanics, the laws
	of fluid at rest and in motion;
	2. The continuity, momentum and Bernoulli's
	equation for fluid flow;
	3. Basic experimental equipment and various
	measurement methods of fluid mechanics,
	including flow rate, volume and pressure.
	Skills:
	1. Ability to develop basic hydrodynamic
	models;
	2. Ability to solve the continuity momentum
	and Bernoulli's equations for fluid flow
	3 Ability to use knowledge of engineering
	fluid mechanics to develop experimental
	nuite mechanics to develop experimental



	protocols for measuring basic fluid
	parameters.
	Competence: Acquire a comprehensive
	knowledge of fluid stasis and flow and be able
	to apply the expertise and mathematical
	modeling methods to reasonably deduce.
	analyze, and evaluate fluid stasis and flow
	problems in real-world engineering and
	provide concrete solutions.
Contents	Part A. Theoretical teaching (30 contact
	hours; 26 self-study hours)
	Chapter 1 Introduction (1 contact hour; 1
	self-study hour)
	• Concepts of engineering fluid mechanics*
	• Engineering fluid mechanics research*
	• Research methods in engineering fluid
	dynamics
	Chapter 2 Mechanical Properties of Fluids (3 contact hours: 2 solf study hours)
	 Fluid continuous media models**
	 Force acting on fluid*
	 Mechanical properties of fluids**
	• Newtonian and non-Newtonian fluids
	Chapter 3 Hydrostatics (7 contact hours; 7
	self-study hours)
	• Hydrostatic pressure and its properties**
	• Differential equations of fluid
	• Equilibrium of fluids in a gravitational field**
	• Liquid column manometers*
	• Relative equilibrium of liquids
	• Total pressure of a stationary liquid acting
	on flat and curved surfaces*
	• Buoyancy of an object in a stationary
	liquid
	Chapter 4 Basic Concepts of Fluid Flow (6
	Two methods of describing fluid
	 Two memory of describing fluid movement*
	• Lines and traces**
	Classification of flows
	Chapter 5 Fundamentals of Fluid Flow (8
	contact hours; 8 self-study hours)
	• Systems and controllers



	 Continuity equation** Differential equations for ideal fluid
	motion
	• Bernoulli's equation for micro-flow
	bundles and total flow and its
	applications**
	• Momentum equations and applications
	for steady-state total flow**
	 Chapter 6 Flow Resistance and Energy Loss (3 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Classification of resistance to flow and energy loss*
	 Two flow states for viscous fluid motion**
	 Laminar flow in horizontal circular tubes*
	• Loss of energy along the turbulence in a circular tube
	• Local energy loss of flow in a round tube
	Chapter 7: Quantitative Analysis and the Analogy Principle (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours)
	• Basic concepts and principles of quantitative analysis*
	• Quantitative analysis and the analogy principle
	Part B. Experiment teaching (2 contac
	 Reynold's experiment** (1 contact hour; 1
	$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} $
	• Bernoulli's equation experiment ***(1
	contact hour; 1 self-study hour)
forms of examination requirements and	arrivale no early departures and no
	unsutherized chempes) 10%
	2 Assignments (including homework 50% and
	2. Assignments (including nonework 50% and experiment reports 50%) 20%
	3 Final exam 70%
	S. I mul chum 7070.
Media employed	Multimedia computers, projectors, laser
···· F····	pointers, blackboards, chalks
Reading list	1 Required books
	[1] MO Nairong, Engineering Fluid
	Mechanics. Wuhan: Huazhong University of
	Science and Technology Press, 2015.



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2. Reference books
[1] KONG Long. Engineering Fluid
Mechanics. Beijing: China Electric Power
Press, 2014.
[2] HUANG Weixing et al. Engineering Fluid
Mechanics (2nd Edition). Beijing: Chemical
Industry Press, 2016.
[3] LIU Qixia, YANG Xiaolin. Engineering
Fluid Mechanics. Wuhan: Huazhong
University of Science and Technology Press,
2016.
[4] LONG Tianyu, CAI Zengji. Fluid
Mechanics (2nd Edition). Beijing: China
Architecture and Building Press, 2013



Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Engineering Mechanics (1)
Code, if applicable	019503
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is	3 rd semester
taught	
Person responsible for the module	Associate Professor LI Peichao
Lecturer	Associate Professor LI Peichao
	Associate Professor PAN Ying
	Associate Professor CAO Lijie
	Lecturer CHEN Xi
	Associate Professor ZHANG Ting
	Lecturer WU Yongxia
	Lecturer FAN Zhiyi
	Lecturer LIU Xiaomei
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	Engineering Mechanics (1) is an important and
	fundamental course that enables students to master
	methods of force analysis of objects, simplify force
	systems, use the theory of equilibrium of force systems
	and equilibrium conditions to solve the binding force;
	understand methods of describing motion of objects and
	their geometric properties in motion, develop equations
	of motion of objects, calculate velocity (angular velocity)
	of objects in motion; use synthetic motion to analyze
	velocity of a moving point on an instantaneous
	mechanism; master the momentum theorem, kinetic
	energy theorem, momentum moment theorem;
	understand the concept of inertial force; master the
	simplified results of inertial force in the case of rigid
	body translation, fixed axis and plane motion; master the
	application of D'Alembert's principle; develop the ability
	to correctly establish mechanical models of simple
	engineering objects, and be able to conduct static,
	kinematic, kinetic (including) (instantaneous and
	process) analytical and computational skills.
Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: students of Vehicle Engineering (Rail
	Transit Vehicle)
	Type of teaching: Using lecturing as a primary teaching
	method, in combination with classroom exercises and
	discussion
	Contact hour: 64 hours
	Of which



	Theoretical teaching: 64 hours
	Experiment/practice teaching: 0 hour
	Computer practice: 0 hour
	Size of class: 60-90 students
Workload	Total workload = 120 hours
	Contact hours = 64 hours
	Self-study hours = 56 hours
Credit points	4.0
Requirements according to the	Only students with class attendance rate over 2/3 and
examination regulations	assignment completion rate over 2/3 are allowed to take
	the exam.
Recommended prerequisites	Unary Calculus (1), Unary Calculus (2), Physics
	(Mechanics)
Module objectives/intended learning	Leaning outcomes:
would objectives/intended rearining	Learning outcomes.
outcomes	
	1. Statics: The axioms of statics, analysis of forces
	on objects, point-to-point moment of force, plane
	couples, moment of spatial force on axes, the
	concept of friction, planar concurrent force system,
	analysis and equilibrium of coplanar forces system,
	equilibrium of three-dimensional forces;
	2. Kinematics: Calculation of velocity and
	acceleration of the synthetic motion of points and
	rigid plane motion;
	3. Dynamics: Calculation of momentum, kinetic
	energy, moment of momentum and inertial forces;
	application of the universal theorems of dynamics
	(momentum theorem moment of momentum
	theorem kinetic energy theorem D'Alembert's
	nrincinle)
	• Skills•
	1 Ability to analyze forces on objects and calculate
	hinding force by force belance:
	2. Akility to coloulate valuatity and accoloration of
	2. Ability to calculate velocity and acceleration of
	the synthetic motion of points and rigid plane
	motion;
	3. Ability to apply the universal theorem of
	dynamics in a comprehensive way to solve
	problems of mass and mass point system;
	• Competence: Having the ability to apply principles
	and methods of engineering mechanics to solving
	engineering problems, and to build corresponding
	mechanical models for analysis and



	I
	problem-solving. Through the study of engineering
	mechanics, students will be able to improve their
	logical and abstract thinking skills
Contents	Dout A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact house Ef
Contents	rarrA. rneorencar teaching (04 contact nours; 50
	self-study hours)
	Chapter 1 Introduction (2 contact hours, 2 self-study
	hours)
	• The study object and content of Engineering
	Mechanics (1);
	• Research methods for Engineering Mechanics (1);
	• Learning objectives, methods and notes of
	Engineering Mechanics (1)
	Engineering Weenames (1).
	Chanton 2 Aviana of Station and Analysis of Former
	Chapter 2 Axionis of Statics and Analysis of Forces
	on Objects (4 contact hours, 4 self-study hours)
	• The concept of rigid body and force;**
	• The axioms of statics;**
	 Constraint and constraining forces;**
	• Analysis of forces on object and diagrams
	drawing.**
	Chapter 3 Plane Force Systems (12 contact hours, 10
	self-study hours)
	 Resultant and equilibrium condition of planar
	concurrent force system: geometrical and analytical
	weth a las **
	• Concepts of force couples, planar force-couple
	system synthesis and equilibrium;**
	• Simplification of coplanar forces system to a point
	in the plane of action and discussion of the results of
	the simplification; *
	• Equations of equilibrium for coplanar forces system
	and their applications; *
	 Truss force analysis and solution: **
	• Friction angle and self looking concents and their
	• Friction angle and sen-locking concepts and their
	engineering applications. **
	Chapter 4 Spatial Force System (3 contact hours, 3
	self-study hours)
	• Spatial force on the axis projection and moment to



 the axis; ** Equations of equilibrium for spatial force system and its applications; *
• The center of gravity method. * Chapter 5 Kinematics of A Point Particle (3 contact
hours, 3 self-study hours)
 Method of describing the motion of a point; ** Using sagittal, Cartesian, and natural coordinate methods to establish the equations of motion of points. **
Chapter 6 Basic Motion of Rigid Bodies (3 contact hours, 3 self-study hours)
• The concept of parallel movement of rigid bodies; **
• Equations of fixed-axis rotation of rigid bodies, velocity and acceleration analysis; **
Chapter 7 Synthetic Motion of a Point Particle (11 contact hours, 10 self-study hours)
 Concepts of relative, implicated, and absolute motion; ** The velocity synthesis theorem for points; ** The synthesis theorem for the acceleration of a point when the implicated motion is a flat motion; ** The synthesis theorem for the acceleration of a point when the implicated motion is a fixed-axis rotation. *
Chapter 8 Planar Kinematics of Rigid Bodies (12 contact hours, 8 self-study hours)
 Concept of planar kinematics of rigid bodies; ** Using the base point method and velocity projection method to calculate velocity of a point on a plane graph; **
• Applying the concept of instantaneous center of velocity to calculate velocity of a point on a plane graph; **
• Using the base point method to calculate the acceleration of a point on a plane graph. *



	 Chapter 9 Fundamental Theorems of Dynamics (10 contact hours, 9 self-study hours) Differential equations of particle motion; ** Moment theorem; ** Momentum theorem, kinetic energy theorem. ** Chapter 10 D'Alembert's Principle (4 contact hours, 4 self-study hours)
	results of inertial forces in the case of a rigid body in translational, fixed-axis, and planar motion. The application of D'Alembert's principle. *
	Part B. Experiment/practice teaching: 0 hour.
Study and examination requirements and forms of examination	After-class assignment shall be done independently by students after each class. Usual performance accounts for 30%, including assignments (20%), in-class performance and attendance (10%): no late arrivals, no early departures, and no unauthorized absences; final assessment (closed-book written exam) accounts for 70%.
Media employed	PPT courseware, multimedia computers, projectors, laser
Reading list	 pointers, blackboards, etc. 1. Required books LI Peichao, FAN Zhiyi, LIU Xiaomei. Concise Engineering Mechanics (2nd Edition). Beijing: Tsinghua University Press, 2016. 2. Reference books [1] Teaching Research Center of Basic Mechanics, School of Aerospace Engineering and Applied Mechanics, Tongji University. Theoretical Mechanics. Shanghai: Tongji University Press, 2005. [2] LIU Yanzhu, ZHU Benhua, YANG Haixing. Theoretical Mechanics (3rd Edition). Higher Education Press, 2009. [3] MEI Fengxiang, ZHOU Jiping, SHUI Xiaoping. Engineering Mechanics. Beijing: Higher Education Press, 2003. [4] LI Junfeng. Theoretical Mechanics (2nd Edition). Beijing: Tsinghua University Press, 2007.



Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Engineering Mechanics (2)
Code, if applicable	019504
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is	4 th semester
taught	
Person responsible for the module	Associate Professor CAO Lijie
Lecturer	Associate Professor CAO Lijie
	Professor PAN Yingfu
	Associate Professor LI Peichao
	Associate Professor ZHANG Ting
	Lecturer WU Yongxia
	Lecturer JIAN Qiwei
	Lecturer CHEN Xi
	Lecturer FAN Zhiyi
	Lecturer LIU Xiaomei
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	Engineering Mechanics (2) is an important foundation
	course for engineering programs. Students will learn the
	basic principles and methods of the distribution laws of
	internal force, stress and deformation of rods, familiarize
	with the calculation of strength and stiffness of
	components under four basic deformations of materials:
	axial tension, shear, torsion and bending, grasp the
	concept of stress state of points, commonly used strength
	theory, the concept of stability and calculation method of
	rod stability, master the analysis and design methods of
	components under combined deformation, and learn to
	operate experiment equipment and instruments for
	structural analysis and performance testing of general
	mechanical parts. The course will enable students to
	apply knowledge and engineering concepts to propose
	solutions to complex engineering problems, and improve
	their capability of teamwork, independent learning and
	innovation.
Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: students of Vehicle Engineering (Rail
	Transit Vehicle)
	Type of teaching: theoretical teaching, experiment
	teaching
	Contact hour: 48 hours
	Of which
	Theoretical teaching: 42 hours
	Experiment teaching: 6 hours
	Computer practice: 0 hour



[Size of class: 80-90 students
Workload		Total workload = 90 hours
Workloud		Contact hours = 48 hours
		Self-study hours = 42 hours
Credit points		3.0
Requirements according to	the	Only students with class attendance rate over $2/3$ and
examination regulations	une	assignment completion rate over $2/3$ are allowed to take
examination regulations		the exam
Recommended prerequisites		Unary Calculus (1): Unary Calculus (2): Multivariate
recommended proroquisites		Calculus (1): Multivariate Calculus (2): Physics
		(Mechanics): Engineering Mechanics (1)
Module objectives/intended learn	ing	Leaning outcomes:
outcomes		
		Knowledge:
		Concepts of internal forces, stresses, strains, strength.
		and stiffness: methods of analysis and calculation of
		strength and stiffness in rod axial tensile and
		compression, shear, torsion, and bending deformation.
		2. The concept of stress state at a point, common strength
		theories, the use of combined deformations;
		3. The concept of stability and the method of calculating
		pressure bar stability;
		Skills:
		1. The ability to simplify simple members into
		mechanical models, and to skillfully calculate strength
		and stiffness of members under various basic
		deformations;
		2. Ability to apply strength theory to calculate strength
		and stiffness under complex stress states, and to analyze
		the stability of pressure bars;
		3. Able to synthesize and apply the basic theories in the
		course to solve complex strength, stiffness and stability
		problems in engineering.
		Competence:
		Able to independently analyze and solve problems
		related to strength, stiffness and stability in engineering
		practice, adopt abstract thinking to specific physical
		structures and mechanical phenomena from a mechanical
		perspective, and use experiment methods to study
		mechanical properties of components.
Contents		Part A. Theoretical teaching (42 contact hours; 36
		self-study hours)



Chapter 1. Introduction (1.5 contact hours, 1.5
self-study hours)
• Basic content and methods of Engineering Mechanics (2):
The tasks of Engineering Mechanics (2):
• The basic assumptions of deformed solidou**
• The basic assumptions of deformed solds; **
• The basic forms of rod deformations;
• Mechanical properties of materials;**
• The concept of stress concentration;
Chapter 2. Axial Tension and Compression (8 contact
hours, 7 self-study hours)
• Concepts, examples and force characteristics of rods
in axial tensile compression;
 Methods of determining internal forces - cross-sectional method;**
• Axial forces, axial diagrams;**
• Stress calculations and strength conditions in axial
tensile and compression;**
• Axial tensile deformation, concept of strain,
Hooke's law formula;*
• A simple pull-pressure static variable solution.
Chapter 3. Shearing and Extrusion (1.5 contact hours
1.5 self-study hours)
• The concepts of shearing and extrusion;
• Calculation of the area of shear and extruded
surfaces;
• Shear stress, extrusion stress, strength calculations of joints;
Chapter 4. Torsion (4 contact hours, 3 self-study hours)
• The concept of torsion;
• Hooke's law, the reciprocal theorem of shear and stress:**
 Internal forces, stresses and deformations in torsion
of an axis of circular cross-section**
 Torsional strength and stiffness conditions:**
Chanter 5 Banding (10 contact hours 0 salf study
hours)
Internal former in handing of hearres internal former
 Internal forces in bending of beams, internal force diagrams;**
• Positive bending stresses in beams of symmetrical
section, calculation of positive stress strength of
beams;**
• Shear stresses in beams of rectangular section;
• Calculation of the displacement of the beam using



	the integration and superposition methods;**
	• Calibration of beam stiffness;**
	Chapter 6. Stress States and Strength Theory (7
	contact hours, 6 self-study hours)
	• The concept of stress state at a point, the concept of
	principal and maximum shear stresses;**
	• Analytical analysis of in-plane stress states;**
	• Graphical determination of the stress state in a plane;
	• The concepts of strength theory, commonly used
	strength theories and their applications;*
	Chapter 7. Combinatorial Deformation (6 contact
	hours, 5 self-study hours)
	• Concepts and examples of combinatorial deformation.
	• Calculation of strength in the combination of
	oblique bending, tension (compression) and bending;**
	• Calculation of strength in combination with bending
	and torsion**
	Chapter 8. Pressure Bar Stability (4 contact hours, 3
	self-study hours)
	• The concept of pressure bar stability;*
	• Calculation of critical forces and critical stresses
	using the Euler formula for critical loads on slender bars;**
	• The scope of application of the Euler formula;**
	• Measures to improve pressure bar stability. *
	Part B. Experiment teaching: (6 contact hours, 6
	self-study hours)
	1. Tensile and compression experiments (2 experiment hours 2 self-study hours)
	2 Torsion experiments (2 experiment hours 2
	self-study hours)
	3. Positive bending stress experiment (2 experiment
	hours, 2 self-study hours)
Study and examination requirements	After-class assignment shall be done independently by
and forms of examination	students after each class.
	1. In-class performance (20%): basic requirements (no
	late arrivals, no early departures, and no unauthorized
	absences) and experiment performance.
	2. Assignments (20%): homework, experiment prep.
	notes and reports, self-regulated learning.



	3. Final assessment (60%): final exam.
Media employed	PPT courseware, multimedia computers, projectors, laser
	pointers, blackboards, etc.
Reading list	1. Required books
	[1] LI Peichao, FAN Zhiyi, LIU Xiaomei. Concise
	Engineering Mechanics (1st Edition). Beijing: Tsinghua
	University Press, 2013.
	2. Reference books
	[1] LIU Hongwen. Concise Material Mechanics (2nd
	Edition). Beijing: Higher Education Press, 2008.
	[2] SHAN Huizu. Mechanics of Materials Tutorial.
	Beijing: Higher Education Press, 2004.
	[3] Department of Applied Mechanics and Engineering,
	Southwest Jiaotong University. Engineering Mechanics
	Tutorial. Beijing: Higher Education Press, 2004.
	[4] ZHAO Guankang, ZHANG Guoming. A Concise
	Course on Engineering Mechanics (3rd Edition).
	Beijing: Machinery Industry Press, 2007



Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Foundation of Manufacturing Technology
Module level, if applicable	
Code, if applicable	249101
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	3 rd semester
Person responsible for the module	Associate Professor SONG Fang
Lecturer	Associate Professor SONG Fang Associate Professor ZHANG Fan Lecturer TAN Xiaoxiao Lecturer HUANG Dacheng Associate Professor ZHAO Zhonghua
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	This course will provide students with knowledge of common metallic materials and processes, which constitutes a necessary foundation for further studies and work in the field of mechanical engineering or materials processing engineering.
Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: students of VehicleEngineering (Rail Transit Vehicle)Type of teaching: theoretical teachingContact hours: 64 hoursOf whichTheoretical teaching: 64 hoursExperiment/practice teaching: 0 hourSize of class: up to 70 students for theoreticalteaching
Workload	Total workload = 120 hours Contact hours = 64 hours Self-study hours = 56 hours



Credit points	4.0
Requirements according to the examination regulations	Only students with class attendance rate over 2/3, assignment completion rate over 2/3, and performing required experiments are allowed to take the exam.
Recommended prerequisites	Practice on foundation of manufacturing technology; Fundamentals of Drawing
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	Module objectives: This course covers common metallic materials and their processes. Specific objectives include:
	 Knowledge: Basic concepts, characteristics, classifications and applications of fundamental manufacturing technology; Basic principles and processes of fundamental manufacturing technology; The requirements of fundamental manufacturing technology for the structural manufacturability of parts; Processing methods for typical parts.
	 Skills: 1. Basic knowledge of the principles and processes of manufacturing technology; ability to select blanks, processing methods and conduct process analysis. 2. Ability to design and execute basic engineering experiments and analyze the results. 3. Ability to design fundamental metalworking processes.
	Competence: Able to apply knowledge and skills of the basic theories and techniques of manufacturing technology to analyze manufacturing problems in practical engineering, with consideration of economic, environmental, legal, safety, health and ethical factors.



Contents	Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56
	self-study hours)
	Chapter 1 Introduction (4 contact hours; 2
	self-study hours)
	Classification of engineering
	materials;
	• Principal properties of metallic
	materials;**
	Basic process of common heat
	treatment. **
	Chapter 2 Liquid Metal Forming (Casting)
	(16 contact hours; 14 self-study hours)
	• Factors affecting metal casting
	filling capacity;**
	• Types, grades, organization,
	performance characteristics and
	applications of cast iron;**
	• The three modes of solidification
	and the three stages of shrinkage,
	measures to prevent shrinkage and
	reduce internal stresses;**
	• Processes for steel, copper and
	aluminum alloy castings;
	• Principles for the selection of
	pouring locations and parting
	surfaces;**
	• Development of casting process
	drawings for typical castings. **
	Chapter 3 Metal Plastic Forming
	hours)
	Organizational changes after plastic
	deformation, factors influencing the
	• The free forging process the range
	of billet heating and forging
	temperatures, development of the
	free forging process on hammers,
	structures.*
	• Development of die-forging
	drawings, structural
	manufacturability of die-forged
	parts;** Development of process
	regulations for deep-drawing parts,



 stamping parts structure processability;** The production and application of precision die forging, parts extrusion, parts rolling, powder forging, and CNC stamping.
 Chapter 4 Metal Joint Forming (Welding) (12 contact hours; 11 self-study hours) Familiarity with the organization and properties of welded joints;* Knowledge of welding crack prevention measures and repair methods;** Methods and principles for the rational selection of stick electrodes;** Welding equipment, commonly used welding tools; Processes, characteristics and applications of manual electric arc welding, submerged arc welding and gas-shielded welding;** The process and characteristics of plasma arc welding;* Methods of estimating the weldability of metallic materials, methods of welding and repair of carbon steel, alloy structural steel and cast iron parts;** Method and principle of selecting materials for welding parts, process design of welded joints. **
 Chapter 5 Metalworking (20 contact hours; 18 self-study hours) Method of calculating cutting volume; ** Differences in the properties of commonly used tool;** Tool geometric-angle marking and measurement methods;** Determining tool durability;** The principle of rational selection of the amount of cutting; ** Lathe feeding drive systems;** Surface machining methods, surface milling machining and milling cutters, face milling cutters, methods and characteristics of surface milling;* Method of processing holes* Common surface machining
Common surface machining solutions and process procedures



Study and examination requirements and	Final score includes:
forms of examination	1 Attendence (20%): no late arrivale no
	1. Attendance (20%). no rate arrivals, no
	early departures, and no unauthorized
	absences;
	2. In-class performance (20%): classroom
	participation, discussion
	3. Assignments (10%): homework;
	4. Final assessment (60%): written
	examination results
Media employed	Multimedia computers, projectors, laser
	pointers, blackboards, chalks
Reading list	Reading list
5	[1] ZHAO Zhonghua. Fundamentals of
	Manufacturing Technology (Excellent
	Engineer Education and Training Program
	Textbooks - Basic Engineering Series)
	Beijing: Tsinghua University Press 2013
	Reference books:
	[1] 7HOU Guilian EU Ping, VANG Hualin
	[1] ZHOU Guinan, PU Ting, TANG Huann.
	Politing: Mashingry Industry Press 2014
	Denning: Machinery Industry Press, 2014.
	[2] NI Xiaodan, YANG Jirong, XIONG
	Yunchang. Fundamentals of Mechanical
	Manufacturing Technology. Beijing: Tsinghua
	University Press, 2014.
	[3] LI Zhijiang. Foundation of Mechanical
	Manufacturing Technology. Beijing: Science
	Press, 2014.
	[4] LI Changhe, YANG Jianjun. Metals
	Technology. Beijing: Science Press, 2014.
	[5] BIAN Hongyuan. Metalworking (3rd
	<i>Edition</i>). Beijing: Beijing Institute of
	Technology Press, 2013.



Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Engineering Thermodynamics
Module level, if applicable	
Code, if applicable	011131
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	4 th semester
Person responsible for the module	Professor CAI Yingling
Lecturer	Professor CAI Yingling
	Associate Professor HUANG Xinghua
	Lecturer XIAO Lanlan
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	This course is a foundation elective course for
	senior engineering undergraduate students.
	Through this course, students will learn about
	the importance of energy conservation under
	the increasingly serious energy crisis, acquire
	knowledge and laws of energy conversion and
	heat transfer, explore the working principles of
	a variety of thermal equipment, including new
	energy thermal equipment, as well as technical
	Students will be able to use models of
	engineering thermodynamics and heat transfer
	for quantitative analysis and decision-making
	in engineering, and effectively implement
	energy-saving retrofits in their future jobs. The
	course aims to cultivate engineering and
	technical personnel with science literacy.



Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: students of Vehicle
	Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle)
	Type of teaching: theoretical teaching,
	experiment teaching
	Contact hours: 32 hours
	Of which
	Theoretical teaching: 30 hours.
	Experiment/practice teaching: 2 hours
	Size of class: up to 90 students for theoretical
	teaching
Workload	Total workload - 60 hours
WOIKIOAU	$C_{\rm rest} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$
	Contact nours = 32 nours
	Self-study hours = 28 hours
Credit points	2.0
Requirements according to the examination	Only students with class attendance rate over
regulations	2/3 and assignment completion rate over $2/3$
	are allowed to take the exam.
Recommended prerequisites	Unary Calculus (1): Unary Calculus (2):
Recommended prerequisites	Multivariata Calculus (1): Multivariata
	Coloulus (2): Drusies (Masheries): Hest and
	Calculus (2); Physics (Mechanics); Heat and
	Modern Physics
Modula objectives/intended learning outcome	Looming outcomes
Wodule objectives/intended learning outcomes	The second secon
	The main task of the course is to acquire a
	comprehensive and systematic understanding
	of engineering thermodynamics with respect to
	the thermal properties of matter, efficient use
	of heat energy, and basic laws governing the
	conversion of heat energy to other energy
	sources. Students will establish the right view
	of energy use, develop analytical and
	problem-solving skills and use thermodynamic
	models for quantitative analysis and
	decision-making in engineering. Specific
	objectives include:
	• Knowledge:
	1 Basic theory of energy conversion laws and
	effective utilization of energy
	encenve unization of energy.



	2. Basic knowledge of the thermodynamics
	laws and their application.
	3. Physical properties of commonly used
	engineering materials, simple power cycles
	and refrigeration cycles.
	• Skills:
	1. Specialized knowledge of analyzing and
	solving problems of various thermodynamic
	processes and cycles, and the ability to use
	formulas and diagrams to calculate and
	analyze various thermodynamic processes and
	cycles.
	2. Able to transform complex thermodynamic
	problems into concrete thermodynamic
	models.
	3. Able to perform quantitative analysis of
	basic thermodynamic systems.
	Competence: Having theoretical knowledge
	of conservation of energy and conversion laws
	in thermodynamics; able to abstract
	engineering problems, analyze and make
	engineering decisions, and conserve energy
	and reduce emission in engineering design.
Contents	Part A. Theoretical teaching (30 contact
	hours; 26 self-study hours)
	Introduction (1 contact hour)
	• Energy and thermal energy use
	• Characteristics of energy conversion*
	• The study object and content of
	engineering thermodynamics
	• Research methods for thermodynamics*
	Chapter I Basic Concepts (4 contact hours; 3
	self-study hours)
	• Thermal systems*
	• Inermal state of the substance and its
	basic state parameters*
	Equilibrium, axioms of state and equation of state**
	• Oussi statio and mucrailly**
	 Quasi-static and reversible processes** Heat and nower**
	Thermal cycle*
	Chanter II Thermal Pronerties of Cases (3)
	contact hours; 2 self-study hours)



• Ideal versus actual gases*
• Specific heat capacity of ideal gas*
• Nature of gas mixture*
• Compression factor and the van der
Waals equation
Chapter III The First Law of
Thermodynamics (5 contact hours; 6
• Thermodynamic energy and total energy*
 Closed system energy equation**
 Open system energy equation*
 Steady-state steady-state flow energy
• Steady-state, steady-state now energy
• Application of the steady-state
• Application of the steady-state,
Chanter IV Thermal Processes of Ideal Gas
and Gas Compression (5 contact hours; 5
self-study hours)
• Thermal process analysis and steps*
• Thermal insulation process**
• Comprehensive analysis of the variable
process**
• Theoretical compressed shaft power of
the compressor*
• Remaining gap impact of piston
compressor
Chapter V The Second Law of Thermodynamics (7 contact hours; 8 self-study hours)
• The substance and formulation of the
second law of thermodynamics*
• The Carnot's Cycle and Carnot's
Theorem**
• State parameter entropy and entropy
equations**
• Principle of entropy growth and loss of
work capacity in isolated systems*
Chapter VI Water Vapor and Moist Air (3
contact hours; 1 self-study hours)
• Water phase change and phase diagram
• Pressurization process of water vapor*
• Nature of moist air*
Chapter VII Internal Combustion Engine
Cycles and Air Compression Refrigeration
Cycles (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours)
• Internal combustion engine cycle



	• Air compression refrigeration cycle
	Part B. Experiment teaching: (2 experiment
	hours; 2 self-study hours)
	1. Determination of air specific heat capacity
	(1 experiment hour;1 self-study hour)
	2. Determination of indoor ambient
	meteorological parameters (1 experiment
	hour;1 self-study hour)
Study and examination requirements and	1. Basic requirements for class (no late
forms of examination	arrivals, no early departures, and no
	unauthorized absences) 10%.
	2. Assignments (including homework 20% and
	experiment reports 10%) 30%.
	3. Final exam 60%.
Media employed	Multimedia computers, projectors, laser
	pointers, blackboards, chalks, etc.
Reading list	1. Required books
	[1] Edited by LIAN Leming. Engineering
	Thermodynamics (6th Edition). Beijing: China
	Architecture and Building Press, 2016.
	2. Reference books
	[1] Edited by SHEN Weidao, TONG Jungeng.
	Engineering Thermodynamics (4th Edition).
	Beijing: Higher Education Press, 2010.
	[2] Edited by TONG Jungeng, WANG
	Thermodynamics (2nd Edition) Shanghai:
	Shanghai Jiao Tong University Press 2008
	[3] M.I. Moran, H.N. Shaniro, D.D. Roettner
	M. B. Bailey. Fundamentals of Engineering
	<i>Thermodynamics</i> , 7th Ed., JOHN WILEY &
	SONS, 2010.
	[4] HE Yaling. Analysis, Typical Questions
	and Answers of Engineering Thermodynamics.
	Xi'an Jiaotong University Press, 2008.



Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Measurement and Sensor Technology
Module level, if applicable	
Code, if applicable	109139
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	4 th semester
Person responsible for the module	Professor ZHENG Shubin
Lecturer	Professor ZHENG Shubin Lecturer PENG Lele Lecturer ZHONG Qianwen
Language	Chinese & English
Relation to curriculum	This course is a foundation course for Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle). Students will learn the measurement and sensor system, master the description method for time and frequency domain of signal, understand the concept of signal spectral structure, basic principles and methods of spectral analysis and correlation analysis, as well as the basic concepts of digital signal analysis and processing. Students will also learn the commonly used sensors, signal adjustment circuitry and recording; understand working principle and performance of display instrumentation; master the evaluation method of basic characteristics of detection devices and distortion-free test conditions, and first-order and second-order linear system; understand problems of dynamic measurement and engineering measurement of rail vehicles and their corresponding descriptions in English. Students will acquire the basic principles and methods of engineering measurement technology and apply it to solve measurement problems related to urban rail transit.



Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: students of Vehicle
	Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle)
	Type of teaching: theoretical teaching,
	experiment teaching
	Contact hours: 32 hours
	Of which
	Theoretical teaching: 30 hours
	Experiment/practice teaching: 2 hours
	Size of class: up to 50 students for theoretical
	teaching
Workload	Total workload = 60 hours
	Contact hours $= 32$ hours
	Self-study hours = 28 hours
Credit points	2.0
Requirements according to the examination	Only students with class attendance rate
regulations	over 2/3 and assignment completion rate over
	2/3 are allowed to take the exam.
Recommended prerequisites	Electrical Technology, Electronic Technology,
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	Learning outcomes:
	The purpose and mission of this course is to
	enable students to understand the basic issues
	and content of dynamic measurement in
	engineering, master the basic principles and
	methods of engineering measurement
	techniques and their corresponding
	descriptions in English, and apply them to
	practical measurement tasks in the engineering
	field. Specific objectives include:
	• Knowledge:
	1. Methods of describing the time and
	frequency domains of signals; concepts of
	the spectral structure of signals, basic
	principles and methods of spectral analysis



and correlation analysis, and their
corresponding English descriptions;
2. Commonly used sensors, commonly used
signal conditioning circuits and records,
working principle and performance of
instruments, and their corresponding
descriptions in English;
3. Evaluation methods of basic
characteristics of measurement devices
and distortion-free conditions, first- and
second-order linear system characteristics,
basic issues of dynamic measurement and
engineering measurement of rail vehicles,
and their corresponding descriptions in
English.
• Skills:
1. Ability to describe variables and
parameters related to measurement
systems and sensors, and to classify
engineering signals;
2. Ability to perform basic transformations,
analysis and calculations on engineering
signals;
3. Ability to understand the basic sensing
transformation principles and subsequent
processing aspects of engineering
measurement, and to configure
engineering test systems.
• Competence:
Able to apply principles of measuring and
sensing technology to test scheme design and
data analysis for engineering problems;
perform basic signal analysis for specific
measurement purposes; solve problems from
different perspectives; understand various
measurement, testing and sensing
technologies; and to continuously expand and
acquire new knowledge.



Contents	Part A Theoretical teaching (30 contac
	hours; 26 self-study hours)
	Chapter I Overview of Measurement
	and Sensor Technology
	(2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours)
	• An overview of the development of
	measurement and sensor technology;
	• Basic concepts of measurement, testing, sensing**.
	• Basic components of the measurement system*.
	Chapter II Signals and their description
	(8 contact hours; 6 self-study hours)
	• Types of signals and their
	characteristics**;
	• The concept of signal spectrum**;
	• Fourier series trigonometric expansion of
	the periodic signal*;
	 Fourier transform of acyclic signals*;
	• Basic concepts of random signals.
	Chapter III Basic Characteristics of
	Measurement Device
	(6 contact hours; 6 self-study hours)
	• Static characteristics and errors of
	Static characteristic parameters of
	measurement device*.
	 Dynamic characteristics of measurement
	device **,
	• Dynamic characteristics of first- and
	second-order measurement device*,
	• Distortion-free measurement condition*;
	• Dynamic measurement characteristics of
	measurement device.
	Chapter IV Signal Conditioning,
	Processing
	(6 contact hours; 6 self-study hours)
	• The principle of electric axle
	measurement**;
	• Principles and methods of measurement



	1
	of DC electric axle*;
	• Principles and methods of modulation and
	demodulation of signals;
	• Basic concepts of filters;
	• The concept of filter design parameters*.
	Chapter V Common Sensing
	Technologies
	(4 contact hours; 3 self-study hours)
	• Sensor technologies and classifications*;
	 Principles and applications of strain sensors*:
	 Principles and applications of
	piezoelectric sensors*:
	 Principles of sensor selection**.
	Chapter VI Vibration Measurement and
	Engineering Applications
	(4 contact hours: 3 self-study hours)
	• Vibration measurement methods*;
	• Application of vibration measurement
	technologies in vehicle engineering**.
	Part B Experiment teaching (2 experiment
	hours; 2 self-study hours)
	First-order system dynamic characteristic
	measurement
Study and examination requirements and	Final score includes: attendance (10%),
forms of examination	performance (30%) and final exam (60%).
	Specific requirements are as follows:
	1. Attendance (10%): no late arrivals, no
	early departures, and no unauthorized
	absences;
	2. Assignments (30%): homework,
	experiment reports;
	3. Final assessment (60%): final exam.
Media employed	Multimedia computers, projectors, laser
	pointers, blackboards, chalks
Reading list	1. Required books
	[1] XIONG Shibo, HUANG Changyi.
	Fundamentals of Mechanical Engineering
	<i>Testing Technology</i> . Beijing: Machinery



Industry Press, 2007.
2. Reference books
[1] ZHANG Youyun. Modern Mechanical
Testing Technology. Beijing: Science Press,
2005.
[2] CHEN Hualing. Mechanical Engineering
Testing Technology. Beijing: Machinery
Industry Press, 2006.
[3] SHEN Yan, GUO Bing, YANG
Ping. Testing and Sensing Technology. Beijing:
Tsinghua University Press, 2011.



Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Mechanical Principle
Module level, if applicable	
Code, if applicable	019310
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	4 th semester
Person responsible for the module	Professor ZHANG Liqiang
Lecturer	Professor ZHANG Liqiang Associate Professor LU Chenhui Associate Professor ZHANG Chunyan Lecturer TENG Bing
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	Mechanical Principle is a foundation course for mechanics-related programs. It is closer to engineering practice than a typical foundation course. It has a broader field of study and adaptability than a core course. It describes general principles of operation, construction features, basic design theories and calculation methods, with a focus on the analysis of degrees of freedom and velocity of planar mechanisms, planar connecting rod mechanisms. The course will help students develop the ability to innovatively design mechanical products and improve the use of existing machinery.


Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: sophomores of Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle) Type of teaching: theoretical teaching + experiment teaching Exercise time: 48 hours Of which Theoretical teaching: 44 hours Experiment/practice teaching: 4 hours Size of class: up to 90 students for theoretical teaching
Workload	Total workload = 90 hours Contact hours = 48 hours Self-study hours = 42 hours
Credit points	3.0
Requirements according to the examination regulations	Only students with class attendance rate over 2/3 and assignment completion rate over 2/3 are allowed to take the exam.
Recommended prerequisites	Unary Calculus (1); Unary Calculus (2); Multivariate Calculus (1); Multivariate Calculus (2); Fundamentals of Drawing; Physics (Mechanics); Physics (Electromagnetism); Engineering Mechanics (1)
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Learning outcomes: The course aims to equip students with general mechanical design skills and the ability to adapt and handle creative mechanical and technical work. Specific objectives include: Knowledge: Basic knowledge of structural, kinematic and dynamic analysis of general planar mechanisms; Graphical methods for the analysis and design of mechanical motion and dynamics; Basics of analyzing and designing mechanisms according to known dynamic conditions. Skills:
	• SKIIIS:



	1
	1. Able to apply basic theoretical knowledge of
	mechanics and mechanical dynamics for
	fundamental design and modeling of
	mechanisms;
	2. Able to consult technical data, and make
	calculations and drawings.
	3. Able to use experiments to analyze the
	characteristics of mechanisms in motion.
	• Competence: Ability to formulate
	mechanical motion schemes, analyze and
	design mechanisms and to expand
	knowledge of mechanical design to solve
	practical problems
Contents	Part A Theoretical teaching (44 contact
Contents	hourse 29 colf study hours)
	Charter Lister duction
	(2 contact nours; 2 self-study nours)
	• The concept of machines, mechanisms,
	components and parts*
	• The content, nature and characteristics of
	the course and learning methods
	General process of mechanical design
	• Basic requirements for the design of
	machines and mechanical parts*
	Chapter II Structural Analysis of Plana
	Mechanisms
	(7 contact hours; 5 self-study hours)
	 Composition of mechanism**
	• Sketching movement of mechanisms
	• Mechanisms with conditions to determine
	movement *
	• Calculation of degrees of freedom of
	mechanisms*
	Chapter III Movement Analysis o
	Mechanisms
	(4 contact hours; 4 self-study hours)
	• Purpose and methodology of mechanism
	motion analysis
	• The concept of velocity transients and the
	determination of their location *
	• Velocity analysis of mechanisms using
	velocity transients *
	Chapter IV Planar connecting rod



mechanism
(5 contact hours; 5 self-study hours)
• Features and applications of planar
connecting rod mechanism
• Basic type and development of planar
connecting rod mechanism
• Basic characteristics of planar connecting
rod mechanism*
• Design of planar connecting rod
mechanism*
Chapter V Cam Mechanism
(5 contact hours; 5 self-study hours)
• Applications and types of cam
mechanism
• Common laws of motion of the follower *
• Pressure angle of the cam mechanism*
• Diagrammatic design of cam contours *
Chapter VI Gear Mechanism
(9 contact hours; 7 self-study hours)
• Characteristics and types of gear
mechanism
• Basic laws of tooth profile engagement*
• Formation of involutes and their properties*
• Engagement characteristics of involute
tooth profiles*
• Basic parameters and geometry of
involute standard gears*
• Transmission properties of involute
straight-tooth cylindrical gears*
• Reason for correction, cutting method,
geometry, transmission type and design
procedure of the gearboxes
• Engagement characteristics, basic
parameters and geometry of helical
cylindrical gear drive*
Chapter VII Wheel System
(o contact nours; 6 self-study hours)
• Classification and application of the
wheel system
• Calculation of the transmission ratio of
the fixed axle wheel train *
• Calculation of the transmission ratio of
the rotating wheel system and hybrid

	wheel system *
	Chapter VIII Regulation of Fluctuations
	in Mechanical Running Speed
	(4 contact hours; 2 self-study hours)
	• Objectives and methods of mechanical
	operation speed fluctuation adjustment
	and flywheel design approximation **
	• Determination of the main dimensions of
	the flywheel*
	Chapter IX Mechanical Balance
	(2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours)
	• Purpose and content of mechanical
	balancing
	• Conditions and calculations of static and
	dynamic equilibrium of rigid rotors*
	• Experimental principle and method of
	equilibrium of rigid rotors
	Part B. Experiment/practice teaching
	(4 experiment hours: 4 self-study
	hours)
	1. Mechanism motion sketching (2 experiment
	hours; 2 self-study hours)
	2. Involute tooth contour drawing (2
	experiment hours; 2 self-study hours)
Study and examination requirements and	1. Basic requirements for class (no late
forms of examination	arrivals, no early departures, and no
	unauthorized absences) 10%.
	2. Assignments (including homework 50% and
	experiment reports 50%) 20%.
	3. Final exam 70%.
Media employed	Multimedia computers projectors laser
	pointers, blackboards, chalks
Reading list	1 Required books
Notening list	[1] LU Ning FAN Jiangling et al Mechanical
	Principle (2nd Edition) Rejiing Claim Incontinuation
	University Press. 2012:
	2. Reference books
	[1] Edited by SHEN Yongsheng, A Course on
	Mechanical Principle (3rd edition). Beijing:
	Tsinghua University Press, 2019;



[2] SUN Heng, CHEN Zuomo, GE Wenjie.
Mechanical Principle (8th Edition). Beijing:
Higher Education Press. 2013;
[3] Guo Weidong. Mechanical Principle
(Digital Cloud Textbook). Xi'an: Xi'an
Jiaotong University Press. 2016



Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Mechanical Design
Module level, if applicable	
Code, if applicable	019302
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	5 th semester
Person responsible for the module	Professor ZHANG Liqiang
Lecturer	Professor ZHANG Liqiang Professor HANG Lubin Associate Professor ZHANG Chunyan Lecturer TENG Bing
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	Machinery Design is a foundation course for mechanics related programs. It briefly introduces the basic knowledge of machine design with a focus on the basic design theory and methods of general parts. The content includes general theory (the basic principles of machine and component design, design calculation theory, material selection, structural requirements, etc.), coupling (screw connection, pin connection, etc.), transmission (gear drive, belt drive, worm drive, spiral drive, etc.), shaft system (sliding bearings, rolling bearings, shafts, etc.) and others (spring, box, housing, reducer etc.).
Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: students of Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle) Type of teaching: theoretical teaching + experiment teaching Contact hours: 80 hours Of which Theoretical teaching: 76 hours Experiment/practice teaching: 4 hours Size of class: up to 90 students for theoretical teaching



Workload	Total workload - 150 hours
WOIKIOad	
	Contact hours = 80 hours
	Self-study hours = 70 hours
Credit points	5.0
Requirements according to the examination	Only students with class attendance rate over
regulations	2/3 and assignment completion rate over 2/3
	are allowed to take the exam.
Recommended prerequisites	Mechanical Principle; Engineering Mechanics
	(1); Engineering Mechanics (2);
	Interchangeability and Technical Measurement
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	Learning outcomes:
	The course aims to equip students with
	design skills of general parts and the ability to
	adapt and handle creative mechanical and
	technical work.
	Specific objectives include:
	• Knowledge:
	1. Characteristics, working principle and
	design method of general mechanical parts.
	2. Design and calculation method for thread
	drive, belt drive, gear drive, rolling bearings
	and shafts and other general parts.
	3. Experimental methods of typical mechanical
	parts.
	• Skills:
	1. Ability to design reasonable structure,
	material and heat treatment for parts according
	to the actual working conditions.
	2. Ability to study and analyze the influence of
	structure, materials, machining and heat
	treatment parameters on the performance of
	parts.
	3. Ability to apply experiments to study
	structure and performance of general parts.
	• Competence:
	• Competence:

	Understand the design principles
	methods and general design rules of general
	mechanical parts and have the ability to
	design and innovate at machanical
	transmission devices and simple machines
	transmission devices and simple machines.
Contents	Part A. Theoretical teaching (76 contact
	hours: 66 self-study hours)
	Chapter 1 Introduction
	(2 contact hours: 2 self-study hours)
	• The content nature and tasks of the
	Chanter 2 General Introduction to
	Mechanical Design
	(2 contact hours: 4 self-study hours)
	 Design principles and methods of
	common parts:**
	• Ability to access and use relevant
	technical data:**
	 Experimental methods for typical parts.**
	 New developments in mechanical design
	Chanter 3 Strength of Mechanical Parts
	(8 contact hours: 8 self-study hours)
	 Calculation of the strength of parts under
	static stress**
	 Calculation of the strength of parts under
	variable stress**
	 Calculation of the strength of parts under
	unstable stress.
	• Contact strength concepts and
	calculations for parts **
	Chapter 4 Threaded and Keved
	Connections
	(10 contact hours: 8 self-study hours)
	 Basic types of threaded counlings**
	 Calculation of threaded couplings**
	Measures to increase the load canacity of
	threaded countings*
	Chanter 5 Belt Drive
	(6 contact hours: 6 self-study hours)
	• Force analysis of drive helts (initial
	tension effective tension Euler formula)
	tension, enecuve tension, Euler formula)



and stress analysis of drive belts (tensile,
bending, centrifugal force);**
• Elastic sliding and slippage of belt
drives;*
• Failure modes and calculation criteria for
belt drives, basic power rating of a single
V-belt.
• Design calculations for V-belt drives. **
Chapter 6 Gearing
(10 contact hours; 8 self-study hours)
• Failure modes and calculation guidelines
for gearing;**
• Failure modes and calculation guidelines
for straight tooth drives;**
• Calculation of the load capacity of
straight-toothed cylindrical gears;**
• Calculation of the load capacity of helical
cylindrical gearing;**
• Design of cylindrical gear structures;
• Characteristics of bevel gearing;
• Geometric calculations for straight bevel
gearing.
Chapter 7 Worm Drive
(6 contact hours; 4 self-study hours)
• Main parameters of ordinary cylindrical
worm drives and failure modes and
calculation criteria for worm drives;**
• Calculation of the load capacity of a
common cylindrical worm drive;**
• Materials and permissible stresses for
worm gearing;
• Efficiency, self-locking and thermal
balance calculations for worm drives;
• Structural design of the worm and worm
gear.
Chapter 8 Plain Bearings
(10 contact hours; 8 self-study hours)
• •
• Sliding shaft systems;
Sliding shaft systems;The form of construction of plain bearing,
 Sliding shaft systems; The form of construction of plain bearing, bushings and their materials.
 Sliding shaft systems; The form of construction of plain bearing, bushings and their materials. Design calculations for non-liquid friction
 Sliding shaft systems; The form of construction of plain bearing, bushings and their materials. Design calculations for non-liquid friction plain bearings;*
 Sliding shaft systems; The form of construction of plain bearing, bushings and their materials. Design calculations for non-liquid friction plain bearings;* Operating principle of dynamic-pressure

 and Newton's viscosity law, Reynolds' equation and hydraulic distribution curve, minimum film thickness, bearing load factor, liquid friction coefficient, oil consumption coefficient, operating characteristic curve; ** Design of dynamic pressurized radial plain bearings. Chapter 9 Rolling Bearings (12 contact hours; 8 self-study hours) Structure, characteristics, types and designation of rolling bearing types; force and stress analysis, failure modes and calculation criteria for rolling bearing;** Selection of rolling bearing types by life calculation (rated life and rated dynamic load, life calculation formula, equivalent dynamic load) and selection of rolling bearing types by static load capacity (rated static load, equivalent static load, calculation conditions);** Design of rolling bearing housing and bearing bore, axial fixing, compensation of shaft elongation by heat, adjustment of bearing assembly positions, rolling bearing fits, axial preload, lubrication and sealing). Chapter 10 Shaft (10 contact hours; 10 self-study hours) The use, classification, and material of the shaft; Structural design and strength calculations of shafts (calculation of shafts); Calculation of shaft stiffness (bending stiffness vs. torsional stiffness) and shaft vibration vs critical speed
Part B. Experiment/practice teaching (4 experiment hours; 4 self-study hours)
-



	1. Elastic sliding of the belt drive (2 experiment
	hours; 2 self-study hours)
	2. Reducer disassembly (2 experiment nours;)
	son-study nours)
Study and examination requirements and	1. Basic requirements for class (no late
forms of examination	arrivals, no early departures, and no
	unauthorized absences) 10%.
	2. Assignments (including homework 50% and
	experiment reports 50%) 20%.
	5. Final exam 70%.
Media employed	Multimedia computers, projectors, laser
	pointers, blackboards, chalks
Reading list	1. Required books
	[1] PU Lianggui, JI Minggang et al.
	Mechanical Design (9th Edition), Beijing:
	Higher Education Press, 2013
	2. Reference books
	[1] YANG Kezhen, CHENG Guangyun.
	Fundamentals of Mechanical Design (6th
	Edition), Beijing: Higher Education Press,
	2013
	[2] SUN Zhili, MA Xingguo, HUANG Qiubo
	et al. Mechanical Design. Beijing: Science
	Press, 2008
	[3] QIU Xuanhuai, GUO Keqian, WU Zongze.
	Mechanical Design (4th ed.). Beijing: Higher
	Education Press, 1997
	[4] LIU Ying, WU Zongze. A Course on
	Mechanical Design (2nd Edition). Beijing:
	Machinery Industry Press, 2008.



Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Interchangeability and Technical Measurement
Module level, if applicable	
Code, if applicable	019101
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	5 th semester
Person responsible for the module	Professor MAO Jian
Lecturer	Professor MAO Jian Associate Professor WU Jianmin Associate Professor ZHOU Yufeng Lecturer WU Minghui
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	Interchangeability and Technical Measurement is a foundation course of mechanical and related programs with a focus on practice. Students will acquire basic knowledge of geometric accuracy of mechanical parts and their interaction as well as the fundamentals of technical measurement of geometric parameters. The course ensures that students have the basic knowledge and develop the skillset that are required of mechanical and related technicians.
Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: students of VehicleEngineering (Rail Transit Vehicle)Type of teaching: theoretical teachingContact hours: 32 hoursOf whichTheoretical teaching: 28 hoursExperiment/practice teaching: 4 hoursSize of class: up to 70 students for theoreticalteaching



Workload	Workload = 60 hours
Workioau	$C_{\text{outrot hours}} = 22 \text{ hours}$
	Contact nours -32 nours
	Self-study hours = 28 hours
Credit points	2.0
Requirements according to the examination	Only students with class attendance rate over
regulations	2/3 assignment completion rate over $2/3$ and
	2/5, assignment completion rate over 2/5, and
	performing required experiments are anowed
	to take the exam.
Recommended prerequisites	Fundamentals of Drawing, Mechanical
	Principle
Module objectives/intended learning	Module objectives: The aim of this course is
outcomes	to provide students with basic knowledge of
	geometric accuracy of mechanical parts and
	their interaction as well as the fundamentals
	of technical measurement of competition
	of technical measurement of geometric
	parameters, through teaching and practice.
	Specific objectives include:
	Knowledge:
	1. The basic concept, steps, foundational
	principles and general methods of mechanical
	precision design
	2 The basic concents of geometry linear size
	angle size, snape and position accuracy,
	relevant national standard, as well as the
	relationship between accuracy in form and
	dimension.
	3. Fundamentals of precision design of
	typical components and transmission parts.
	Skills
	1 Ability to design account is accurately
	1. Additional to design geometric accuracy of
	mecnanical components;
	2. Ability to make general geometric
	measurement of mechanical parts using



	typical measurement techniques;
	3. Ability to access and use relevant national
	standards for parameter calculations.
	-
	Competence: Having the fundamental
	knowledge of geometric accuracy of
	mechanical parts and their interaction; able to
	conduct technical measurement of geometric
	parameters; able to apply knowledge to
	analyze, calculate and annotate the machining
	accuracy of mechanical parts, and solve
	engineering problems in the mechanical
	engineering industry
Contents	Part A Theoretical teaching (28 contact
	hours: 24 self-study hours)
	nouis, 24 sen study nouis)
	Chapter 1 Introduction (2 contact hours: 2
	self-study hours)
	• The concept of interchangeability its
	characteristics classification
	advantages and basic principles **
	• The relationship between
	interchangeability and standardization
	The basic content and characteristics of
	priority numbers and priority number
	systems significance of numerical
	standardization and the role of priority
	numbers in standardization *
	 International standards for the industry
	• International standards for the industry.
	Chanter 2 Limits and Fits (8 contact hours:
	7 self-study hours)
	 Basic terminology for broad bores
	shafts and related dimensions ^{**}
	 The concept of deviation and
	tolerance.**
	 Dimensional tolerance zone and fits
	zone and their manning:**
	 National standard and tolerance
	grade designators basic deviation
	designators tolerance zone
	designators, tolerance zone designators and fit designators**
	 Bore and shaft tolerances and fits
	indicated in drawings **
	mulcaleu in urawings.



 Principles and methods of accurate part designs. ** Unfilled tolerances for linear dimensions
 Chapter 3 Form and Location Tolerances (6 contact hours; 5 self-study hours) Basic concepts of form and location tolerances and the establishment, interpretation, characteristics and application of form and location tolerance zones.
 Form and location tolerance items, selection of tolerance values and marking methods. ** Principles governing the relationship between dimensional and positional tolerances - the principles of independence and correlation. Criteria for assessing form and location errors.
 Chapter 4 Surface Roughness (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hour) Concepts of surface roughness, sample length, evaluation length and reference line. Surface roughness evaluation parameters and marking methods. ** Principles for evaluating parameters and selected values. *
 Chapter 5 Tolerances and Fits of Rolling Bearings (1 contact hour; 1 self-study hour) Rolling bearing accuracy level and its selection. Characteristics of tolerance zones of inside and outside diameter of rolling bearings. ** National standards related to rolling bearings with shaft, bore tolerance zones and other technical requirements of the selection and marking. **
 Chapter 6 Tolerances and Fit of Keys and Splines (1 contact hour; 1 self-study hour) Types and characteristics of flat spline and rectangular spline combinations. Characteristics of tolerances and fits of flat spline and rectangular spline connections. ** Centering of rectangular spline



 connections and characteristics of tolerances and fits of rectangular splines. The selection and labeling of tolerances and fits of flat spline connections. ** Selection and labeling of tolerances and fits for rectangular spline connections.
Chapter / Iolerances and Fits of
Cylindrical Gears (4 contact hours; 3
sen-study nours)
• Requirements for use of gear drive;**
• Sources of error in the main
geometric parameters affecting the
requirements for use of involute cylinders;*
• Rating indicators for individual gear
and gear pairs as defined by national
standards:*
• The main content of the standard for
Accuracy of Involute Cylindrical
Gears.
• The selection and labeling of tooth
thickness limit deviations selected
gear blank tolerances and surface
roughness values
Touginess values.
Chapter 8 Geometric Measurements (1 contact hour; 1 self-study hour)
• The concept of accuracy and error;*
• The concept of "measurement" and
the concepts of "class" and "grade" of
gauge blocks;*
Characteristics of measurement
method classification, classification of
measuring instruments, essential
performance indicators. *
Chapter 9 Smooth Limit Gauge (1 contact
Drinciples for the determination of
Interpres for the determination of
common mossiving instruments:
The role types and common
• The fole, types and common
construction of smooth limit gauges;



	• Design principles and requirements for smooth limit gauges. *
	 Chapter 10 Accuracy Design of Mechanical Parts (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Principles and methods of accuracy design of typical parts;** Basic content and steps of accuracy design of shaft parts;** Basic content of accuracy design of gear and housing parts.
	 Part B: Experiment: (4 experiment hours; 4 self-study hours) 1. Measure bore and shaft diameters using a vertical optical comparator, a vertical digital optical meter, and a lever micrometer. (1 experiment hours; self-study hours) 2. Measure surface roughness using a light-section microscope. (1 experiment hours; 1 self-study hours) 3. Measure tooth pitch, radial run-out of tooth ring, common normal line, tooth thickness, and other parameters. (2 experiment hours; 2 self-study hours)
Study and examination requirements and	Final score includes:
forms of examination	 Final score mendes: Final assessment (70%): final exam In-class performance (30%): experiment, assignment, attendance
Media employed	Multimedia computers, projectors, laser pointers, blackboards, chalks
Reading list	Reading list[1] ZHOU Yufeng, DU Xiangyang.Interchangeability and TechnicalMeasurement.Beijing:Tsinghua UniversityPress.2008Reference books:



[1] WANG Boping. Fundamentals of
Interchangeability and Measurement
Techniques. 3rd Edition. Beijing: Machinery
Industry Press, 2009
[2]HAN Jinhong, WANG Changchun.
Interchangeability and Technical
Measurement. Beijing: Peking University
Press. 2006
[3]ZHOU Zhaoyuan. Fundamentals of
Interchangeability and Measurement
Techniques. Beijing: Machinery Industry
Press, 2013



Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Electrical Technology
Module level, if applicable	N/A
Code, if applicable	249205
Subtitle, if applicable	N/A
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	3 rd Semester
Person responsible for the module	Associate Professor SU Shengchao
Lecturer	Associate Professor SU Shengchao Associate Professor FAN Xiaolan Associate Professor ZHANG Jingzhi Associate Professor ZHAO Chunfeng Associate Professor HE Zhimin Lecturer WANG Yanxin Lecturer LONG Yingwen Lecturer JI Mingming Lecturer ZHANG Zhixiong Lecturer CHEN Dexin
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	This course is a technical foundation course for non-electrical programs and has two components: basic circuit analysis and electrical control technology. It includes chapters on basic concepts and methods of circuit analysis, analysis of sinusoidal AC circuits, three-phase sinusoidal AC circuits, transient analysis of first-order circuits, magnetic circuits and transformers, and AC motors. In the teaching process, typical examples and experiments are used to help student grasp theoretical knowledge, so that they acquire the necessary basic theories, knowledge and skills of electrical technology, and develop a solid foundation for subsequent study and practice.



Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: juniors of Vehicle
	Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle)
	Type of teaching: theoretical teaching +
	experiment teaching
	Contact hours: 64 hours
	Of which
	Theoretical teaching: 60 hours
	Experiment/practice teaching: 4 hours
	Size of class: up to 60 students for theoretical
	teaching
Workload	Total workload = 120 hours
	Contact hours = 64 hours
	Self-study hours $= 56$ hours
Credit points	4.0
Requirements according to the examination	Only students with class attendance rate over
regulations	2/3 and assignment completion rate over $2/3$
	are allowed to take the exam.
Pagammandad proraguicitas	Unorry Coloulus (1), Unorry Coloulus (2),
Recommended prerequisites	Multivariate Calculus (1), Multivariate
	Calculus (2): Dhysics (Electromagneticm)
	Calculus (2), Physics (Electromagnetism)
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	Loarning outcomes:
Wodule objectives/intended learning outcomes	The main task of this source is to provide
	the main task of this course is to provide
	students with basic knowledge of circuit
	analysis, magnetic circuits, transformers, and
	electrical control technology, so that they
	develop nolistic thinking, computational
	capability, and problem-solving skills. Specific
	objectives include:
	• Knowledge:
	1. Basic concepts and methods of circuit
	analysis, analysis of alternating current,
	three-phase AC circuits, transient analysis of
	first-order circuits, magnetic circuits and
	transformers, and AC motors.
	2. Examples of typical circuits, transformers
	and e-motor control circuits;

	3. Trends and applications of new electrical technology.
	 Skills: Ability to simplify circuit analysis and calculations using engineering approximations or equivalent modeling methods from a practical perspective. Ability to independently design and conduct electrical experiments and analyze the results. Ability to select and use transformers and electric motors, and design basic control circuits for motors.
	Competence:
	Master the basic theories, laws, concepts and analysis methods of electrical technology. Able to analyze circuits, select electrical equipment, calculate and control engineering challenges according to the applications.
Contents	Part A. Theoretical teaching (60 contact
	hours; 52 self-study hours)
	Chapter I Basic Concepts and Analysis
	Methods of Electric Circuits (15 contact
	 Function and composition of electric circuits and their state Reference points in circuits and ideal circuit components for reference orientation* Kirchhoff's circuit laws** Branch-current method* Node-voltage analysis Superposition theorem** Equivalent power theorem**
	Chapter II Alternating Current (15 contact
	hours; 14 self-study hours)
	 Basic concepts of alternating current Phase representation of alternating current** Single-parameter AC circuit* RLC series AC circuit** Resistive series-parallel AC circuit** Resonance in electric circuit* Power factor improvement in AC circuits**



Chapter III Three-Phase AC Circuits (6 contact hours; 5 self-study hours)
 Generation of three-phase electric potential Analysis and calculation of three-phase circuits** Three-phase power*
 Chapter IV Transient Analysis of First-order Circuits (6 contact hours; 5 self-study hours) Switch law* Zero input response, zero state response, and full response for first-order circuits* The three-element method for first-order circuit**
 Chapter V Magnetic Circuits and Transformers (5 contact hours; 4 self-study hours) Basic concepts and laws of magnetic circuits Basic electromagnetic relations of AC iron-core coil circuits The basic structure and working principles of transformer and its application*.
 Chapter VI AC Motor Circuit (6 contact hours; 5 self-study hours) Structure and working principles of three-phase asynchronous motor Mechanical characteristics of three-phase asynchronous motor* Type plate data for three-phase asynchronous motor*
 Chapter VII Relay Contactor Control Circuits (7 contact hours; 7 self-study hours) Structure and function of common low-voltage apparatus Basic control circuit of three-phase asynchronous motor** Sequence control circuit for three-phase asynchronous motor*
Part B. Experiment teaching (4 contact hours; 4 self-study hours) In order to help students better understand and apply the theoretical knowledge of electrical technology and improve their practical skills, two of the following typical experiment sessions will be arranged:



	 (1) Validation of the superposition theorem* (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) (2) Power factor improvement in single-phase AC circuits*(2 contact hours; 2self-study hours)
Study and examination requirements and forms of examination	 Basic requirements for class (no late arrivals, no early departures, and no unauthorized absences) 10%. Assignments (including homework 30% and big project 70%) 20%. Final exam 70%.
Media employed	Multimedia computers, projectors, laser pointers, blackboards, chalks, etc.
Reading list	 Required books: FAN Xiaolan. <i>Electrical Technology</i>. Beijing: Tsinghua University Press, 2013 Main reference books: [1] QIN Zenghuang. <i>Electrical Engineering</i> (Vol. 1). 7th Edition. Beijing: Higher Education Press, 2009. [2] WANG Weirong. <i>Electronic</i> <i>Technology-Electrical Technology and</i> <i>Computer Simulation (2nd Edition)</i>. Shanghai: Shanghai Jiao Tong University Press, 2010 [3] The Editorial Board of the Electrical Engineering Handbook (Japan). <i>Practical</i> <i>Handbook of Electrical Engineering in</i> <i>Diagrams</i>. Beijing: China Science Publishing, 2006.



Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Electronic Technology
Module level, if applicable	
Code, if applicable	249206
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	4 th semester
Person responsible for the module	Professor ZHANG Wei
Lecturer	Associate Professor FAN Xiaolan Associate Professor SU Shengchao Associate Professor WANG Jinghua Associate Professor ZHANG Jingzhi Associate Professor ZHAO Chunfeng Associate Professor HE Zhimin Lecturer WANG Yanxin Lecturer LONG Yingwen Lecturer HU Zhi Lecturer JI Mingming Lecturer ZHANG Zhixiong Lecturer CHEN Dexin
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	This course is a basic course for non-electrical programs, mainly including analog and digital circuits, which provides a solid and necessary theoretical foundation for students' subsequent core courses and engineering practice. The content includes five key chapters on semiconductor devices, basic amplification circuits, integrated operational amplifiers, combinational logic circuits and time-sequence logic circuits. In addition, according to the students' program and the requirements of the secondary schools and colleges, there are four alternative chapters of A/D digital-to-analog conversion, DC power supply, negative feedback applications and power amplification



	thinking and improve their self-learning ability. The course shall highlight knowledge acquisition and capability development and use typical engineering cases in teaching to enrich and expand students' knowledge structure.
Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: students of Vehicle
	Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle)
	Type of teaching: theoretical teaching +
	experiment teaching
	Contact hours: 64 hours
	Theoretical teaching: 60 hours
	Experiment/practice teaching: 4 hours
	Size of class: up to 60 students for theoretical
	teaching
Workload	Total workload = 120 hours
	Contact hours $= 64$ hours
	Self-study hours $= 56$ hours
Credit points	4.0
Creat points	4.0
Requirements according to the examination	Only students with class attendance rate over
regulations	2/3 and assignment completion rate over 2/3 are allowed to take the exam.
Recommended prerequisites	Unary Calculus (1); Unary Calculus (2);
	Multivariate Calculus (1); Multivariate
	Calculus (2); Physics (Electromagnetism);
	Electrical Technology
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	Learning outcomes:
	This course aims to provide students with the
	basic knowledge of analog and digital circuits
	and cultivate their ability of holistic thinking,
	design reasoning and problem-solving in
	electronics. Specific objectives include:
	Knowledge:
	1. Basic knowledge of analog electronics and

	digital electronics;
	2. The principle and composition of basic
	amplification circuits and integrated
	operational amplifiers, the concept and
	discrimination of various negative feedback,
	the analysis and design of combined logic
	circuits and time-sequence logic circuits;
	3. Typical examples of analog and digital
	circuits, design and application of new
	electronic circuits.
	• Skills:
	1. Able to perform engineering calculations
	and functional analysis of analog and digital
	circuits;
	2. Able to design digital and combinational
	logic circuits that meet functional
	requirements.
	3. Able to design and implement basic
	engineering experiments and analyze the
	results from a practical perspective, using
	engineering approximations or equivalent
	models.
	Competence:
	Master the basic theory, laws and analysis
	methods of analog and digital electronic
	technology. Ability to analyze the dynamic
	performance of circuits and control the logic of
	timing sequences; ability to apply basic
	theories and technical means of electronic
	technology to solve engineering problems.
Contents	Part A. Theoretical teaching (60 contact
	hours; 52 self-study hours)
	Chapter 1 Semiconductors (8 contact hours;
	6 self-study hours)
	• Basic knowledge of intrinsic and
	 Voltammetric characteristics of ideal
	diode and analysis of their
	applications*
	• voltage-stabilized tubes and their applications
	• Unidirectional conductivity of PN
	junctions*
	• The principle of current amplification in transistors*
	• Determining the operating state of



input/output curve**
 Chapter 2 Basic Amplification Circuits (12 contact hours; 12 self-study hours) Basic concepts and components of amplified circuits* Three configurations of amplified circuits Significance of dynamic performance indicators (magnification, input resistance and output resistance) of amplified circuits* Transistor's differential equivalence model, using the differential equivalence circuit method to solve the dynamic performance metrics of amplification circuits* Using graphical methods to calculate the static operating point of amplification circuits and analyze their dynamic performance* Causes of amplified circuit waveform distortion* Stability of static work points Static and dynamic analysis methods for common emitter amplification circuits** Circuit analysis and application of amplification circuits*
 Chapter 3 Integrated Operational Amplifiers (9 contact hours; 7 self-study hours) History and basic structure of integrated operational amplifiers Zero point drift in the circuit Differential amplification circuit composition, analysis and its role* Voltage transmission characteristics of integrated operation* Application circuit calculations for integrated operational amplifier operation in the linear region using "virtual short" and "virtual break" analysis** Application circuit using "virtual break" analysis to calculate the saturation region of the integrated operational amplifier*
Chapter 4 Negative Feedback (7 contact hours; 5 self-study hours)
 Block diagram of basic concepts and principles of feedback The effect of negative feedback on



 amplified circuit performance Definition of negative feedback* Method of determining positive and negative feedback* Using instantaneous polarity method to determine positive and negative feedback** Determination of the four types of configuration by AC negative feedback**
 Chapter 5 Basic Logic Gate Circuits and Combinatorial Logic Circuits (12 contact hours; 10 self-study hours) The difference between analog and digital signals Number system and its conversion The basic logic of "in relation to", "or", "not "* Graphical representation of basic gates,
 logical expressions, truth tables* Simplifying logical functions using the laws of logical algebra and canonical diagrams** Methods of analysis and design of combinational logic circuits* Combined logic devices such as adders, encoders, decoders, etc.
Chapter 6 Trigger and Time-sequence Logic Circuits (12 contact hours; 12 self-study hours)
 Circuit composition of basic RS trigger, controllable RS trigger, JK trigger and D-trigger Basic RS Trigger, Controlled RS Trigger, JK Trigger and D Trigger Logic Functions** Trigger logic function conversion and design Design of time-sequence logic circuits Register; Methods of Analysis of Time-sequence Logic Circuits** Arbitrary counters using feedback zeroing and place value methods*
Part B. Experiment teaching (4 contact
hours; 4 self-study hours)
In order to help students better understand and apply the theoretical knowledge of electronic technology and improve their practical skills, two of the following typical
experiment sessions will be arranged: (1) Common emitter single-tube amplifier
circuit parameter test* (2 contact hours;



	2self-study hours) (2) Analytical design and testing of combinatorial logic circuits*(2 contact hours; 2self-study hours)
Study and examination requirements and	1. Basic requirements for class (no late
forms of examination	arrivals, no early departures, and no
	unauthorized absences) 10%.
	2. Assignments (including homework 30% and
	big project 70%) 20%.
	3. Final exam 70%.
Media employed	Multimedia computers, projectors, laser
1 5	pointers, blackboards, chalks
Reading list	1. Required books
	[1] WANG Jinghua. Electronic Technology.
	Beijing: Tsinghua University Press, 2014
	2. Main reference books:
	[1] LEI Yong. Electrical Engineering (Volume
	2). Electronic Technology Beijing: Higher
	Education Press, 2018
	[2] LI Chunmao. Fundamentals of Electronic
	Technology (National Textbook for
	Undergraduate General Higher Education in
	the 12th Five-Year Plan Period). Beijing:
	Machinery Industry Press, 2016.
	[3] SHI Yikai. Electronic Technology
	(Electrical Engineering 2) (National Textbook
	for Undergraduate General Education in the
	12th Five-Year Plan Period) 3rd Edition.
	Beijing: Science Press, 2016



Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Automatic Control Theory
Module level, if applicable	
Code, if applicable	109185
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	5 th Semester
Person responsible for the module	Associate Professor LI Xiaobo
Lecturer	Associate Professor LI Xiaobo
	Lecturer HE Yu
	Lecturer HUANG Shujun
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	As an engineering fundamental course for students majoring in Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle), this course mainly investigates the concepts of control system. Topics covered in this course include the mathematical models of open-loop system, closed-loop system and compound system; the solution to system transfer function and stability determination; the structure diagram and signal flow diagram of control system; the error transfer function and its solution; the frequency characteristics of typical element and open-loop system; Nyquist stability criterion; the correction methods for linear system; the common calibration devices and their characteristics; and the concept of nonlinear control system. After successfully completing this course, students will be able to acquire comprehensive knowledge in the basic principles and approaches used in control theory fundamental course, and apply the concepts and techniques learned in this course to solve related system control issues in real urban rail transit contexts.



Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: juniors of Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle) Type of teaching: theoretical teaching
	Contact hours: 32 hours
	Of which
	Theoretical teaching: 32 hours
	Size of class: up to 60 students for theoretical
	teaching
Workload	Total workload = 60 hours
	Contact hours = 32 hours
	Self-study hours = 28 hours
Credit points	2.0
Requirements according to the examination	Only students with class attendance rate over
regulations	2/3 and assignment completion rate over 2/3
	are allowed to take the exam.
	Unary Calculus (1): Unary Calculus (2):
Recommended prerequisites	Multivariate Calculus (1); Multivariate Calculus (2); Physics (Mechanics); Physics (Electromagnetism)
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	Learning outcomes:
	The course aims to provide students with a
	sound basis of knowledge in control theory.
	After successfully completing this course,
	students will be able to use the basic principles
	of and approaches to control theory to solve
	relevant correlation issues in real engineering
	describing the above mentioned content in
	English.
	Specific objectives include:
	Knowledge:
	1)Representation of differential equation for
	linear system; representation of zeros and
	poles of a transfer function, open loop gain,



and root locus gain, etc.;;
2) Transfer function of a typical element;
structure diagram and signal flow diagram of
control system; equivalent transformation and
simplification of structural diagrams;
composition and nature of signal flow graph;
conversion from a structure diagram to a signal
flow diagram;
3) Calculation of transfer function and stability
determination; performance index of linear
system time response; linear system stability
analysis, Routh criterion and its application;
frequency characteristics of typical element
and open-loop system; Nyquist stability
criterion;
Skills:
1) Demonstrate skills in describing related
variables, parameters and transfer functions of
typical control systems and typical elements;
2) Demonstrate skills in determining,
analyzing and calculating the stability of a
control system;
3) Demonstrate skills in using pre-position,
post-position and other methods to correct the
state parameters of typical control systems.
• Competence:
After successfully completing this course,
students will be able to apply the basic
theoretical knowledge and principles of control
system they have learned to solve issues in real
engineering contexts, including perform basic
control system modeling, stability
determination and data analysis. Students will
be able to analyze and solve problems from
different perspectives. They will understand
the features of various control systems, typical
input signal performance and frequency
domain characteristics. This course will also
help students to expand their knowledge and
acquire new skills.



Contents	Part A. Theoretical teaching (32 contact
	hours; 28 self-study hours)
	Chapter 1 General Concepts of Control
	Systems
	(2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours)
	The main content, significance, main methods
	of learning and the final assessment of the
	course;
	Basic components of a feedback system; *
	Basic control modes; *
	Control system classification: open-loop,
	closed-loop, compound control *
	Chapter 2 Mathematical Model of the
	System
	(6 contact hours; 6 self-study hours)
	Time domain models, differential equation
	representations; **
	Complex domain models, definitions and
	properties of transfer functions; **
	Zero and pole representations of the transfer
	function, open loop gain, root track gain, etc.;
	*
	Transfer functions of typical links
	(proportionality, inertia, differentiation,
	integration, oscillation); **
	Structural and signal flow diagrams of control
	systems, equivalent transformations and
	simplifications of structural diagrams,
	composition and properties of signal flow
	diagrams, methods for transforming structural
	diagrams into signal flow diagrams, Mason's
	gain formula*
	Chapter 3 Time Domain Analysis of
	Linear Systems
	(6 contact hours; 4 self-study hours)
	Performance scale for linear system time
	<i>t t t</i>
	response l_r , l_p , l_s , $\sigma\%$; *
	Unit step response of a first-order system; *
	Time domain response and performance
	improvement of second-order systems; *
	Higher-order system time domain analysis,
	dominant closed-loop polar concept;
	Stability analysis of linear systems, the Routh-

Hurwitz stability criterion and its application;*
Steady-state errors for linear systems, error
transfer function calculations, steady-state
errors using the final value theorem, and
steady-state errors under typical reference
signal inputs; *
Error coefficients, methods for reducing
steady-state errors;
Chapter 4 Frequency Domain Analysis of
Linear Systems
(6 contact hours; 6 self-study hours)
Concept of frequency characteristics,
representation method; **
Frequency characteristics of typical links and
open-loop systems, Nyquist stability criterion;
*
Stability margin, the relationship between
system time domain indicators and frequency
domain indicators.
Chapter 5 Calibration Methods for Linear
Systems
(6 contact hours; 4 self-study hours)
Calibration methods, commonly used
calibration devices and their characteristics; *
Series calibration, feedback calibration,
compound calibration, PID control principle
Chapter 6 Non-linear Control System
Analysis
(2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours)
Nonlinear control system concepts, common
nonlinear characteristics and their effects on
system motion;
Phase plane analysis, descriptive function
method;
Chapter 7 Analysis and Correction of
Linear Discrete Systems
(4 contact hours; 4 self-study hours)
Basic concepts of discrete systems, sampling
and holding of signals.
Mathematical modeling of discrete systems.
Stability and steady-state error analysis and
calculations for discrete systems.
A discrete system calibration method based on
the MATLAB language.



	Part B. Experiment/Practice Teaching (0 contact hour; 0 self-study hour)
Study and examination requirements and forms of examination	Final score includes: Attendance (10%), usual performance (20%, including assignments, attendance rate), final exam (70%).
Media employed	Multimedia computers, projectors, laser pointers, blackboards, chalks
Reading list	 Required books [1]SUN Bingda. Automatic Control Theory. Beijing: Machinery Industry Press, 2004. Reference books [1] HU Shousong et al. Automatic Control Principle. National Defense Industry Press, 3rd Edition, 1994. [2] YANG Wenmin et al. Experimental Guidelines for the Application of MATLAB High-Level Language in Control Engineering, 1998 [3] SHI Yang et al. MATLAB - TOOLBOX Practical Guide, Northwestern Polytechnical University Press, 1999.



Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Engineering Materials
Module level, if applicable	
Code, if applicable	109163
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	5 th semester
Person responsible for the module	Professor YANG Jian
Lecturer	Professor YANG Jian Lecturer WEN Jing Lecturer MENG Xiaoliang Lecturer WENG Lin
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	This course is a compulsory course for students of Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle). It shall enable students to acquire the following knowledge: classification of engineering materials and common failures and resistance indicators of mechanical parts; the Fe-Fe3C phase diagram and its application; impact of common impurities on steel properties; classification and application of carbon steel, ingot organization, defects and pressure processing impact; heat treatment process and properties of steel; the role of alloying elements in steel; performance characteristics and application of common alloy steel; types and application of stainless steel; graphitization process and classification of cast iron; properties and uses of different cast irons; the types and application of aluminum alloys; the application of engineering materials on rail vehicles and their performance requirements. Students will learn the relationship between composition, organization, structure and performance of common materials, commonly used


	engineering materials and material selection methods, and be able to apply them to solve urban rail transit related material problems.
Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: juniors of Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle) Type of teaching: theoretical teaching Contact hours: 32 hours Including: Theoretical teaching: 32 hours Experiment/practice teaching: 0 hour Size of class: up to 60 students for theoretical teaching
Workload	Total workload = 60 hours Contact hours = 32 hours Self-study hours = 28 hours
Credit points	2.0
Requirements according to the examination regulations	Only students with class attendance rate over 2/3 and assignment completion rate over 2/3 are allowed to take the exam.
Recommended prerequisites	Engineering Mechanics (1); Engineering Mechanics (2)
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	 Learning outcomes: This course covers the fundamentals of engineering materials through instruction, with specific objectives including: Knowledge: Classification of engineering materials and common failure modes and resistance indicators of mechanical parts; Fe-Fe3C phase

	 diagram and the influence of common impurity elements on steel properties; heat treatment process and properties of steel. 2. Common alloy steel performance characteristics, applications; types and applications of stainless steel; types and applications of aluminum alloy. 3. Essential performance of typical materials for rail vehicles, common processes and the application of new materials.
	 Skills: 1. Demonstrate skills in describing iron-carbon phase diagram, and using iron-carbon phase diagrams to guide engineering applications, including composition analysis, and determination of heat treatment temperature, among others. 2. Demonstrate skills in classifying common carbon steel, stainless steel, and aluminum alloys and describing their typical applications. 3. Demonstrate skills in selecting suitable materials and processes according to the performance index in the design of rail transit
	• Competence: Ability to apply basic knowledge of engineering materials to solve problems related to materials and processes in projects; understand the impact of engineering materials on the world and society; and continuously expand and acquire new knowledge.
Contents	 Theoretical teaching (32 contact hours; 28 self-study hours) Chapter 1 Failure Analysis of Mechanical Parts (or Devices) (6 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Classification of engineering materials. Mechanisms and classification of wear of vehicle components *. Excess deformation and resistance indexes under static load at room temporature *



• Fracture and resistance indicators under
static and shock loads *.
• Part fatigue fracture (no cracks) and
resistance index *.
• Abrasion loss efficiency and resistance
indicators *.
• Corrosion failure and prevention *.
• Creep deformation and fracture failure at
high temperatures and its prevention.
Chapter 2 Carbon Steel
(8 contact hours; 3 self-study hours)
• Organization and properties of pure iron;
• Interactions between iron and carbon, the
constitutive phases of the tissue
constituents in iron-carbon alloys and
their performance characteristics *;
• The names, composition and properties of
the phases, phase transitions and three
thermostatic transitions and products in
the Fe-Fe3C phase diagram **;
Analysis of the crystallization and transformation of iron and and
transformation of fron-carbon alloys of a
given composition from the fiquid phase
has d on Eq. Eq.2C phase diagrams, the
principle of layer and its application.
 Practical application of Ee-Ee3C phase
diagrams:
 Knowledge of the impact of common
impurities in steel on its properties:*
 The organization and defects of ingots:
 Laws of influence of pressure processing
on steel organization and properties:
• Classification, grades and main uses of
carbon steel.
Chapter 3 Heat Treatment of Steel
(5 contact hours; 3 self-study hours)
• The transformation of steel on heating;
• Diagram of the isothermal transformation
of austenite **;
• Common heat treatment processes and
properties of steels *;
• Surface heat treatment processes and



properties of steel;
• Special heat treatment processes for steel.
Chapter 4 Alloy Steels
(6 contact hours; 2 self-study hours)
• The transformation of steel on heating;
• The role of alloying elements in steel *;
• Classification and numbering of alloy
steels;
• Performance characteristics and
applications of common alloy structural
steels;
• Common types and applications of alloy
tool steel;
• Types and applications of stainless steel*.
Chapter 5 Iron Casting
(3 contact hours; 1 self-study hour)
• Graphitization process of cast iron and
influencing factors;
• Classification of cast iron *;
• Properties and uses of different cast irons.
Chapter 6 Non-ferrous Metals and Their
Alloys
(2 contact hours; 1 self-study hour)
• Industrial pure aluminum;
• Types and applications of aluminum
alloys
Chapter 7 Material Selection and Processing
of Parts
(1 contact hour; 6 self-study hours)
• The significance of stiffness and elasticity
indicators, hardness and strength
indicators, and plasticity and impact
toughness indicators in the selection of
materials;
• Application of fracture toughness in
material selection.
• The principle of material selection based
on the material's performance in use,
processing, and economics.
• Metal material processing routes
Chapter 8 Typical Applications of Engineered
Materials
(1 contact hour; 10 self-study hours)
• Application of engineering materials on



	rail vehicles
	Part B. Experiment teaching (0 contact
	hours; 0 self-study hours)
Study and examination requirements and	Final score includes: Attendance (10%), usual
forms of examination	performance (30%) and final exam (report)
	(60%).
	Performance includes: assignments, attendance
	rate
Media employed	Multimedia computers projectors laser
	pointers blackboards chalks etc
Reading list	1. Required books
	[1] SHEN Lian. Mechanical Engineering
	Materials. Beijing: Machinery Industry Press,
	2018.
	2. Reference books
	[1] DAI Qixun. Metallic Materials Science.
	Beijing: Chemical Industry Press, 2012.
	[2] ZHANG Zhenggui, NIU Jianping.
	Practical Mechanical Engineering Materials
	and Their Selection Beijing: Machinery
	Industry Press, 2014.
	[3] Zhu Zhangxiao et al <i>Engineering</i>
	Materials Beijing: Tsinghua University Press
	2000
	[4] THANG Ergong Machanical Fusions
	[4] ZHANG Ergeng. Mechanical Engineering
	Materials. Shanghai: Shanghai Science and
	Technology Press, 2017.



Appendix B - Syllabus - Engineering Fundamentals

Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing
Code if applicable	219604
Subtitle if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is	1 st Semester
taught	
Person responsible for the module	Professor ZHANG Xu
Lecturer	Professor ZHANG Xu
	Associate Professor WANG Keyong
	Lecturer ZHU Xiling
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	The Fundamentals of Drawing course is a foundation
	course for engineering programs. This course covers the
	principle of orthogonal projection, national standards of
	mechanical drawing, view drawing, axonometric
	drawing, drawing axonometric drawings and three-view
	drawings by hand, section view drawing, simplified
	drawing and prescriptive drawing (such as threads and
	threaded fasteners). Its purpose is to familiarize students
	with the basic knowledge of engineering drawings,
	develop their three-dimensional spatial imagination, and
	acquire skills to draw and read engineering drawings.
Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: students of Vehicle Engineering (Rail
	Transit Vehicle)
	Type of teaching: Using lecturing as a primary teaching
	method, in combination with classroom discussion
	Contact hour: 64 hours
	Of which
	Theoretical teaching: 64 hours
	Experiment/practice teaching: 0 hour
	Computer practice: 0 hour
	Size of class: 90-100 students
Workload	Total workload = 120 hours
	Contact hours $= 64$ hours
	Self-study hours = 56 hours
Credit points	4.0
Requirements according to the	Only students with class attendance rate over 2/3 and
examination regulations	assignment completion rate over 2/3 are allowed to take
	the exam.
Recommended prerequisites	N/A
Module objectives/intended learning	Learning outcomes:
outcomes	
	Knowledge:



	1 The basic concepts of orthographic and graphical
	methods of projection and their expression of mechanical
	acomponente
	2 National standards of machanical drawing
	2. National standards of mechanical drawing.
	3. Methods of drawing and marking common and
	standard parts.
	• Skills:
	1. Able to express spatial geometric forms using
	orthographic projection and to solve spatial geometry
	problems using diagramming.
	2. Able to use drawing tools correctly, master common
	geometric drawing methods, and understand the
	provisions of national standards related to mechanical
	drawing
	3. Able to read and draw mechanical parts and assembly
	diagrams;
	• Competence:
	Ability to think spatially and physically, to read and
	draw mechanical drawings, and to implement national
	mechanical drawing standards.
Contents	Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56
Contents	Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours)
Contents	Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing
Contents	Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study
Contents	Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours)
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;*
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;* Projection method and its classification. *
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Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;* Projection method and its classification. * Chapter 1. Fundamentals of Cartography (4 contact hours)
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;* Projection method and its classification. * Chapter 1. Fundamentals of Cartography (4 contact hours; 3 self-study hours)
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;* Projection method and its classification. * Chapter 1. Fundamentals of Cartography (4 contact hours; 3 self-study hours) Some basic provisions of national standards for
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;* Projection method and its classification. * Chapter 1. Fundamentals of Cartography (4 contact hours; 3 self-study hours) Some basic provisions of national standards for cartography;**
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;* Projection method and its classification. * Chapter 1. Fundamentals of Cartography (4 contact hours; 3 self-study hours) Some basic provisions of national standards for cartography;** Common geometric methods of drawing; *
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;* Projection method and its classification. * Chapter 1. Fundamentals of Cartography (4 contact hours; 3 self-study hours) Some basic provisions of national standards for cartography;** Common geometric methods of drawing; *
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;* Projection method and its classification. * Chapter 1. Fundamentals of Cartography (4 contact hours; 3 self-study hours) Some basic provisions of national standards for cartography;** Common geometric methods of drawing; *
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;* Projection method and its classification. * Chapter 1. Fundamentals of Cartography (4 contact hours; 3 self-study hours) Some basic provisions of national standards for cartography;** Common geometric methods of drawing; * Chapter 2. Projection of Points, Lines, And Surfaces(6 contact hours; 5 self-study hours)
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;* Projection method and its classification. * Chapter 1. Fundamentals of Cartography (4 contact hours; 3 self-study hours) Some basic provisions of national standards for cartography;** Common geometric methods of drawing; * Chapter 2. Projection of Points, Lines, And Surfaces(6 contact hours; 5 self-study hours) The relationship of projections of points, lines and
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;* Projection method and its classification. * Chapter 1. Fundamentals of Cartography (4 contact hours; 3 self-study hours) Some basic provisions of national standards for cartography;** Common geometric methods of drawing; * Chapter 2. Projection of Points, Lines, And Surfaces(6 contact hours; 5 self-study hours) The relationship of projections of points, lines and surfaces;**
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;* Projection method and its classification. * Chapter 1. Fundamentals of Cartography (4 contact hours; 3 self-study hours) Some basic provisions of national standards for cartography;** Common geometric methods of drawing; * Chapter 2. Projection of Points, Lines, And Surfaces(6 contact hours; 5 self-study hours) The relationship of projections of points, lines and surfaces;**
Contents	 Part A. Theoretical teaching (64 contact hours; 56 self-study hours) Fundamentals of Drawing Chapter O. Introduction (2 contact hours; 1 self-study hours) The nature of the curriculum, requirements and learning methods;* Projection method and its classification. * Chapter 1. Fundamentals of Cartography (4 contact hours; 3 self-study hours) Some basic provisions of national standards for cartography;** Common geometric methods of drawing; * Chapter 2. Projection of Points, Lines, And Surfaces(6 contact hours; 5 self-study hours) The relationship of projections of points, lines and surfaces;**



	• Basic knowledge of three views;**
	• The development of spatial imagination through
	basic three-dimensional projections and methods of
	taking points on their surfaces;**
	• Basic three-dimensional truncated line projections
	to develop spatial imagination;**
	• Basic three-dimensional coherent line projections to
	develop spatial imagination. **
	Chapter 4. Composite Solids (12 contact hours; 11
	self-study hours)
	• The assembly of composite solids;*
	• Systematic drawing of the shapes, combinations and
	relative positions of composite solids using form
	analysis and line and surface analysis methods;*
	• Step-by-step approach to drawing, reading and
	dimensioning. **
	Chapter 5. Axonometric Projection Drawing (6 contact
	hours; 4 self-study hours)
	Concepts related to axonometric drawings;*
	• Method of drawing an isometric drawing. **
	Chapter 6. Common Expressions for Machine Parts (5
	contact hours; 5 self-study hours)
	• Various methods of expression such as views,
	sections, cross-sections and simplified drawings;**
	Chapter 7. Joints and Connections of Parts (11 contact
	hours; 11 self-study hours)
	• The prescribed method of drawing and marking of
	threads, threaded fasteners;**
	• Marking method for keys and pins and drawing of
	connections.
	Chapter 8. Gears and Springs (4 contact hours; 4
	self-study hours)
	• Prescribed drawing method of gears, calculation of
	parameters;**
	• Drawing of springs.
	Part B. Experiment/practice teaching: 0 hour
Study and examination requirements	After-class assignment shall be done independently by
and forms of examination	students after each class. Usual performance 20%,



	including after-class homework and attendance; periodic
	assessment 20%; final assessment 60%.
Media employed	PPT courseware, multimedia computers, projectors, laser
	pointers, blackboards, etc.
Reading list	1. Required books
	[1] TANG Jueming, XIANG Yang. Fundamentals of
	Drawing Exercise Collection (1st Edition). Shanghai:
	Tongji University Press, 2014.
	2. Reference books
	[1] QIAN Keqiang. Mechanical Drawing (3rd Edition).
	Beijing: Higher Education Press, 2011.
	[2] TANG Jueming, XU Tenggang, ZHU Xiling et al.
	Modern Engineering Design and Graphics (1st
	Edition). Beijing: Tsinghua University Press, 2013.
	[3] ZHU Hui et al. Descriptive Geometry and
	Engineering Drawing (6th Edition). Shanghai:
	Shanghai Science and Technology Press, 2007.
	[4] LU Guodong. A Course on Graphic Applications
	(2nd Edition). Beijing: Higher Education Press,
	2010.



Hydraulic and Pneumatic Transmission

Engineering Fundamentals
Hydraulic and Pneumatic Transmission
109108
4 th semester
Professor YANG Jian
Professor YANG Jian Lecturer YUAN Tianchen Lecturer WU Aizhong
Chinese
This is a fundamental course designed for students majoring in Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle). Topics covered in this course include the basic concepts and components of hydraulic transmission, and the working principle, structural analysis, performance calculations and selection methods of hydraulic pumps, hydraulic motors and hydraulic cylinders; hydraulic valve working principle and application characteristics; operating principle of hydraulic basic circuits and typical hydraulic circuits; pneumatic transmission basic theory, common pneumatic components, speed control, pressure control and other basic pneumatic circuits, and pneumatic logic system design methods. This course aims to provide students with a sound basis of theoretical knowledge in hydraulic and pneumatic transmission. Students will be able to understand the basic structures and principles of vehicle hydraulic shock absorber and pantograph pneumatic



	they have learned in this course to solve the related issues of hydraulic and pneumatic systems in real urban rail transit vehicles.
Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: students of Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle) Type of teaching: theoretical teaching Contact hours: 32 hours Of which Theoretical teaching: 28 hours Experiment / practice teaching: 4 hours Size of class: up to 70 students for theoretical teaching
Workload	Total workload = 60 hours Contact hours = 32 hours Self-study hours = 28 hours
Credit points	2.0
Requirements according to the examination regulations	Only students with class attendance rate over 2/3, assignment completion rate over 2/3, and performing required experiments are allowed to take the exam.
Recommended prerequisites	
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	Module objectives: The main purpose of the course is to enable students to master the basic theoretical knowledge of hydraulic and pneumatic transmission, and understanding the basic structure and principles of vehicle hydraulic shock absorber and pantograph



pneumatic system. Students will learn to apply knowledge of mathematics, natural sciences and mechanical engineering to practice, be able to develop experimental plans, carry out experiments, analyze and interpret data, and acquire skills of drawing, calculation, measurement, process operations and computational application. Specific objectives include:

Knowledge:

(1) Basic knowledge of hydraulic fluid mechanics, and basic algorithms used in of hydrostatics and hydrodynamics; The basic principles, composition, and typical components of hydraulic and pneumatic systems;

(2) Basic circuits and control methods of hydraulic and pneumatic systems, principles, components and operating features of typical hydraulic circuits and pneumatic circuits;

(3) Methods of reading drawings of hydraulic and pneumatic systems; principles and work flow of typical hydraulic and pneumatic system; calculation for hydraulic and pneumatic systems and control laws of solenoid valve..

Skills:

(1) Able to use the basic principles of hydraulics and pneumatics to analyze hydraulic and pneumatic systems.

(2) Able to select and analyze hydraulic and pneumatic components for specific applications;

(3) Able to apply theory and methods of hydraulics and pneumatics to analyze the working process of hydraulic dampers and pantograph pneumatic circuits of urban rail transit vehicles.

Competence: Students who successfully complete this course will be able to use relevant concepts and knowledge of



	hydraulic and pneumatic system to analyze and improve hydraulic and pneumatic systems in real engineering contexts. They will be able to understand various hydraulic and pneumatic systems, and analyze, summarize, determine and reason about the basic operating principles of specific hydraulic and pneumatic components in rail transit vehicles. This course will also help students to expand their knowledge and acquire new skills.
Contents	Part A Theory teaching (28 contact hours; ** self-study hours)
	 Chapter 1 Fundamentals of Hydraulic Fluid Mechanics (4 contact hours; 4 self-study hours) Properties of hydraulic fluids Liquid statics and dynamics; Bernoulli's equation** Calculation of the state of fluid motion Pipeline flows* Orifice flow and crevice flow* Chapter 2 Hydraulic Pumps (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Basic theory of hydraulic pump The working principle of plunger pump, vane pump, gear pump* Structural characteristics of the plunger pump Oil trapping in gear pumps* Calculation of hydraulic pump operating parameters**
	 Chapter 3 Hydraulic Motors and Cylinders (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Basic theory of hydraulic motor Hydraulic motor construction Calculation of hydraulic motor operating parameters*



• Basic theory of hydraulic cylinder
• Hydraulic cylinder structure
• Hydraulic cylinder differential
connection**
• Calculation of hydraulic cylinder
working parameters**
Chapter 4 Hydraulic Control Valves
(4 contact hours; 4 self-study hours)
• Hydraulic control valve basic structure
and working principle*
• Directional valves, pressure valves, flow
valves structure and composition*
• Principle of pilot valve**
• Hydraulic control valve selection
• Electrohydraulic servo valves and
proportional valves
Chapter 5 Hydraulic Auxiliaries
(2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours)
Classification of auxiliary components
• Accumulators, filters, tanks, fittings and
seals
• Operating principle and function of
accumulators*
Chapter 6 Hydraulic Basic Circuit
(6 contact hours; 6 self-study hours)
• Pressure control circuits**
• Speed control circuit**
• Speed changeover circuit
• Directional control loop*
Chapter 7 Typical Hydraulic Circuits
(2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours)
• Hydraulic system diagramming and
analysis**
• Analysis of the hydraulic system of the
power slide of combined machine tool
• Hydraulic system analysis for presses
Chapter & Pheumatic Drive Basics
(2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours)
Air properties



 Gas flow patterns Inflation and deflation time Gas state equation* Chapter 9 Air Source Devices and Pneumatic Components (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Air source devices* Gas actuators Pneumatic control valve Pneumatic sensors Chapter 10 Basic Pneumatic Circuits and Common Circuits (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Pneumatic sensors Chapter 10 Basic Pneumatic Circuits and Common Circuits (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Pressure circuits* Speed control circuits* Position control circuits Common circuits Common circuits Common circuits Common circuits Common circuits Understanding typical hydraulic components* Understanding hydraulic system schematics* Determination of hydraulic damper performance curve Pantograph pneumatic system for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Familiarity with electro-axial pneumatic system* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Adjustment of rising and falling bow 	
 Inflation and deflation time Gas state equation* Chapter 9 Air Source Devices and Pneumatic Components (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Air source devices* Gas actuators Pneumatic control valve Pneumatic sensors Chapter 10 Basic Pneumatic Circuits and Common Circuits (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Pressure circuits* Speed control circuits* Position control circuits Common circuits Understanding typical hydraulic components* Understanding hydraulic system schematics* Determination of hydraulic damper performance curve Pantograph pneumatic system for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Familiarity with electro-axial pneumatic system* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Adjustment of rising and falling bow 	• Gas flow patterns
 Gas state equation* Chapter 9 Air Source Devices and Pneumatic Components (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Air source devices* Gas actuators Pneumatic control valve Pneumatic sensors Chapter 10 Basic Pneumatic Circuits and Common Circuits (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Pressure circuits* Speed control circuits* Position control circuits Common circuits Understanding typical hydraulic components* Understanding hydraulic system schematics* Determination of hydraulic damper performance curve Pantograph pneumatic system for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Familiarity with electro-axial pneumatic system* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Adjustment of rising and falling bow 	• Inflation and deflation time
 Chapter 9 Air Source Devices and Pneumatic Components (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Air source devices* Gas actuators Pneumatic control valve Pneumatic control valve Pneumatic sensors Chapter 10 Basic Pneumatic Circuits and Common Circuits (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Pressure circuits* Speed control circuits Common circuits Common circuits Prestition control circuits Common circuits Common circuits Position control circuits Common circuits Part B: Experiment (4 experiment hours; 2 self-study hours) Determination of the performance of hydraulic dampers for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Understanding hydraulic system schematics* Determination of hydraulic damper performance curve Pantograph pneumatic system for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Familiarity with electro-axial pneumatic system? Pantograph pneumatic system Schematics* Pantograph pneumatic system Adjustment of rising and falling bow	• Gas state equation*
 Pneumatic Components (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Air source devices* Gas actuators Pneumatic control valve Pneumatic sensors Chapter 10 Basic Pneumatic Circuits and Common Circuits (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Pressure circuits* Speed control circuits Common circuits Common circuits Position control circuits Common circuits Common circuits Position control circuits Common circuits Position control circuits Common circuits Understanding typical hydraulic components* Understanding hydraulic system schematics* Determination of hydraulic damper performance curve Pantograph pneumatic system for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Familiarity with electro-axial pneumatic system* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Adjustment of rising and falling bow	Chapter 9 Air Source Devices and
 (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Air source devices* Gas actuators Pneumatic control valve Pneumatic sensors Chapter 10 Basic Pneumatic Circuits and Common Circuits (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Pressure circuits* Speed control circuits Common circuits Common circuits Common circuits Part B: Experiment (4 experiment hours; 2 self-study hours) Determination of the performance of hydraulic dampers for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Understanding typical hydraulic components* Understanding hydraulic system schematics* Determination of hydraulic damper performance curve 2. Pantograph pneumatic system for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Familiarity with electro-axial pneumatic system Pantograph pneumatic system Adjustment of rising and falling bow 	Pneumatic Components
 Air source devices* Gas actuators Pneumatic control valve Pneumatic sensors Chapter 10 Basic Pneumatic Circuits and Common Circuits (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Pressure circuits* Speed control circuits* Position control circuits Common circuits Part B: Experiment (4 experiment hours; 2 self-study hours) Determination of the performance of hydraulic dampers for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Understanding typical hydraulic components* Understanding hydraulic system schematics* Determination of hydraulic damper performance curve Pantograph pneumatic system for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Familiarity with electro-axial pneumatic system Schematics* Pantograph pneumatic system for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) 	(2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours)
 Gas actuators Pneumatic control valve Pneumatic sensors Chapter 10 Basic Pneumatic Circuits and Common Circuits (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Pressure circuits* Speed control circuits* Position control circuits Common circuits Part B: Experiment (4 experiment hours; 2 self-study hours) Determination of the performance of hydraulic dampers for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Understanding typical hydraulic components* Understanding hydraulic system schematics* Determination of hydraulic damper performance curve Pantograph pneumatic system for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Familiarity with electro-axial pneumatic system* Pantograph pneumatic system Schematics* Adjustment of rising and falling bow 	• Air source devices*
 Pneumatic control valve Pneumatic sensors Chapter 10 Basic Pneumatic Circuits and Common Circuits (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Pressure circuits* Speed control circuits* Position control circuits Common circuits Part B: Experiment (4 experiment hours; 2 self-study hours) 1. Determination of the performance of hydraulic dampers for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Understanding typical hydraulic components* Determination of hydraulic system schematics* Determination of hydraulic damper performance curve 2. Pantograph pneumatic system for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Familiarity with electro-axial pneumatic system* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Adjustment of rising and falling bow 	Gas actuators
 Pneumatic sensors Chapter 10 Basic Pneumatic Circuits and Common Circuits (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Pressure circuits* Speed control circuits* Position control circuits Common circuits Part B: Experiment (4 experiment hours; 2 self-study hours) Determination of the performance of hydraulic dampers for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Understanding typical hydraulic components* Determination of hydraulic system schematics* Determination of hydraulic damper performance curve Pantograph pneumatic system for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hours) Familiarity with electro-axial pneumatic system* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Adjustment of rising and falling bow 	Pneumatic control valve
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	 2. Pantograph pneumatic system for urban rail vehicles (2 experiment hours; 1 self-study hour) Familiarity with electro-axial pneumatic system* Pantograph pneumatic system schematics* Adjustment of rising and falling bow



Study and examination requirements and forms of examination	 Basic requirements for class (no late arrivals, no early departures, and no unauthorized absences) 10%. Assignments (including homework 30% and experiment reports 70%) 40%. Final exam 50%.
Media employed	Multimedia computers, projectors, laser pointers, blackboards, chalks
Reading list	 Required books XU Fuling. Hydraulic and Pneumatic Transmission. Hubei: Huazhong University of Science and Technology Press, 2008. Main reference books: ZUO Jianmin. Hydraulic and Pneumatic Transmission. Beijing: Machinery Industry Press, 2002. ZHANG Qunsheng. Hydraulic and Pneumatic Transmission. Beijing: Machinery Industry Press, 2002. JIANG Jihai. Hydraulic and Pneumatic Transmission. Beijing: Higher Education Press, 2002. Angela S. Gomez-Ramirez. Hydraulics. Nova Science Publishers, 2013.



Appendix B - Syllabus - Engineering Fundamentals

Competence field	Engineering Fundamentals
Module designation	Power Electronics Technology
Module level, if applicable	
Code, if applicable	109149
Subtitle, if applicable	
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	4 th semester
Person responsible for the module	Associate professor SHI Wei
Lecturer	Associate professor SHI Wei
	Associate professor YU Chaogang
	Lecturer HUANG Shujun
Language	Chinese
Relation to curriculum	This course is a foundation course designed for students majoring in Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle). This course systematically introduces power electronic devices and the technology of devices for transforming and regulating electric energy, including basic circuits and control theory of rectifier, chopper, inverter, AC to AC converter, and PWM control. The basic principles, circuit control processes, as well as design and calculation methods of rectifier, inverter and their PWM control technologies in power conversion are highlighted. Given the fact that the theoretical knowledge of power electronics is critical to analysis of electric traction equipment, auxiliary power supply equipment and other equipment for urban rail transit, this course is designed to lay a theoretical foundation for engineering applications, design and operation of electrical equipment such as power traction and auxiliary power supply in urban rail transit.



Type of teaching, contact hours	Target students: students of Vehicle Engineering (Rail Transit Vehicle) Type of teaching: theory teaching and experiment teaching Contact hours: 32 hours Of which Theoretical teaching: 26 hours Experiment/practice teaching: 6 hours Size of class: up to 70 students for theoretical teaching
Workload	Total workload = 60 hours
	Contact hours = 32 hours
	Self-study hours = 28 hours
Credit points	2.0
Requirements according to the examination	Only students with class attendance rate over
regulations	2/3, assignment completion rate over $2/3$, and
8	performing required experiments are allowed
	to take the exam.
Recommended prerequisites	Electrical Technology: Electronic Technology
	8,
Module objectives/intended learning	Module objectives: The objective of this
outcomes	course is to provide, through teaching and
	practice, an understanding of power
	electronics devices and the basic theory of
	how devices transform and regulate electric
	energy. Specific objectives include:
	Knowledge:
	1. Mainstream power electronics device
	structures, characteristics:
	2 Basic principles of power conversion
	circuits circuit control processes design and
	calculation methods in the line methods if
	calculation methods, including rectification,
	chopping, inverting and AC-AC conversion.
	3. Basic principles of PWM control

	technology, circuit control processes, design and calculation methods.
	 Skills: 1. Ability to use knowledge of power conversion of power electronics to identify and analyze specific engineering systems; 2. Ability to carry out preliminary design, calculation and verification of specific power electronic system. 3. Ability to perform analysis and calculation and select power electronic devices for specific power electronic systems
	Competence: After successfully completing this course, students will be able to understand related concepts and basic principles of power electronics, and analyze and track various types of existing and new power electronic systems in real engineering contexts. Students will be able to continuously analyze, summarize, determine and reason about the typical features of power electronic systems based on the actual characteristics of engineering
Contents	Part A Theoretical teaching (26 contact hours; 22 self-study hours)
	 Chapter 1 Introduction (2 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) The basic concepts of power electronics technology**; History of power electronics technology; Application of power electronics technology*. Chapter 2 Power Electronics Devices (4 contact hours; 2 self-study hours)
	 Operating principles, characteristics and main parameters of diodes, thyristors*. Operating principles, characteristics and main parameters of GTO, GTR*.
	• Operating principles,



 characteristics and main parameters of power MOSFETs and IGBTs**. Other power electronic devices Chapter 3 Rectifier Circuits (4 contact
 Other power electronic devices Chapter 3 Rectifier Circuits (4 contact
• Other power electronic devices Chapter 3 Rectifier Circuits (4 contact
hours; 4 self-study hours) • Single-phase half-wave controlled
 Single-phase bridge full-wave controllable rectifier circuits**. Single-phase bridge semi-controlled rectifier circuits. Three-phase half-wave controlled rectifier circuits*.
• I hree-phase bridge controllable rectifier circuits**.
Chapter 4 Chopper Circuits (4 contact
nours; 4 self-study nours) Sten_down chopper circuits**
 Boost chopper circuits**.
• Composite chopper circuits*.
Chapter 5 AC-AC Power Conversion
 Circuits (4 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) Single-phase phase-controlled AC voltage regulator circuits*; Three-phase phase-controlled AC regulator circuits** AC power regulator circuits* Single-phase output AC-AC inverter circuits* Three-phase output AC-AC inverter circuits* Three-phase output AC-AC inverter circuits Chapter 6 Inverter Circuits (4 contact hours; 6 self-study hours) Modes of commutation* Single-phase inverter circuits*
Chapter 7 PWM Technology (4 contact hours; 2 self-study hours) • The basic principle of PWM control **
 PWM inverter circuit control method* How to generate PWM waveforms
 Part B: Experiment: (6 experiment hours; 6 self-study hours) 1. Sawtooth wave synchronous phase shift trigger circuit experiment (2 experiment hours; 2self-study hours) 2. Single-phase half-wave controlled rectifier circuit experiment (4 experiment hours; 4 self-study hours)



Study and examination requirements and	Final score includes:
forms of examination	1. Attendance (5%): usual performance, no
	late arrivals, no early departures, and no
	unauthorized absences
	2. Experiments (10%): report and
	performance of experiments
	3. Assignments (including homework 30%
	and big project 70%) 25%.
	4. Final assessment (60%): final exam
Media employed	Multimedia computers, projectors, laser
	pointers, blackboards, chalks
Reading list	1. Required books
	[1] WANG Zhaoan, LIU Jinjun. Power
	Electronics Technology (5th Edition).
	Beijing: Machinery Industry Press,
	2009.
	2. Reference books
	[1] HONG Naigang. Fundamentals of Power
	Electronics Technology. Beijing: Tsinghua
	University Press, 2015
	[2] LENG Zengxiang, XU Yirong.
	Fundamentals of Power Electronics
	Technology (3rd Edition). Nanjing: Southeast
	University Press, 2012
	[3] ZHAO Lihua. Power Electronics
	Technology. Beijing: Machinery Industry
	Press, 2011
	[4] Harb, Ahmad. Power Electronics: Circuit
	Analysis and Design. USA: Springer, 2018.

Note: In Contents,** for key knowledge points, * for important knowledge points, and the rest for general information.